

Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidyanagar External Examination, BCA (OLD Batch)

Subject Code: US01FBCA02

Subject Title: MATHEMATICS-I

	Date: 23-09-2022 Time:	09:30am to 11:30am	Marks:70
Q.1	MCQ		[10]
1	(-,=,5,1) und B	2, 4, 6, 8 then A U B =	
	(a) A U B = $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8\}$	$\{ (b) A U B = \{ 2,4,6,8 \} $.,
_	(c) A UB = $\{2,4,6\}$	$(A) \land IIR = (2 2 4 5 6)$	
2	$IIU = \{1,2,3,,9\}$	and $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$	
	Then $A^{c} = \dots$		
	(a) $\{1,2,3,4\}$ (b) $\{5,6,7\}$	$\{6, 8, 9\}$ (c) $\{3, 4, 5, 6\}$	
2	(d) {1,3,5,9}		
3			
	(a) Φ (b) A (c) U (d) B		
4	(°) 1) 110 a 11 010300 and	der multiplication?	
_	(a) Yes (b) No		
5	(- , · , · , · · · · · ·) (n is even }	
	Is D closed under: (a) multiplication	on? (b) addition?	
	D is closed under	************	
6	(a) Multiplication (b) Addition	(c) Both (d) None	
0	()		
7	(a) E (b) a (c) b (d) none If $y = (1, 2)$ and $y = (2, 2)$ then		
	If $u = (1,2)$ and $v = (3,2)$ then $u + v$ (a) $(4,3)$ (b) $(4,4)$ (c) $(3,4)$ (d)	(1.4)	
8			
U	If $u = (a, b)$ and $v = (c, d)$ then $u \cdot v$		
9	(a) (ab + cd) (b) (ac+bd) (c) ac +bd		
,	The arithmetic mean for simple freq	uency distribution is given by	
	(a) $\frac{\sum Xi}{n}$ (b) $\frac{\sum fixi}{n}$ (c) $\frac{\sum fixi}{N}$	(d) none	
	16 16 14		
10	The median for grouped frequency of	listribution is given by	
	(a) h h $(N$	h(n - c)	
	(a) $l + \frac{h}{f} \left(\frac{N}{2} - c \cdot f \right)$ (b) $l + \frac{h}{f} \left(\frac{n}{4} - c \cdot f \right)$	$-c.f$ (c) $t + \frac{1}{f} \left(\frac{1}{4} - f\right)$ (d) none	•
Q.2	True/ False or Fill in the Blanks of	or One Word Answer.	[08]
1	Let $A = \{0, 1\}$. It is a closed under		
2	$a^{-1} a = e$ State True or False		
3	If $u = (1,2)$ and $v = (3,2)$ then $u - v =$	(-2,-2) State True or False.	
4	The length of vector w is denoted by	/ w . State True or False.	•
5	The harmonic mean is given by		
6	The observation whose frequency is	highest is called	
7	The norm of a vector d is denoted by	<u> </u>	
8	If $u=(1,2)$ and $v=(2,2)$ then $u + v =$		

Q.3 Short Questions (Attempt Any 10 out of 12)

[20]

[32]

X= { red, blue }, Y={ blue, green, orange }, Z={ red, blue, white } U={ red, yellow, blue, green, orange, purple, black, white } Find (1) $x^c = (y-z)(2) (x \cup y)^c$

- 2 Determine the power set of A={ a, b, c, d}
- 3 Define the terms with examples
 - (1) Complement of a set (2) Factorial function
- 4 Define * on Q by a * b = a + b ab. Is it associative? Justify Your answer.
- 5 Define Duality Find duality of $(X \cup Y)^c = X^c \cup Y^c$
- 6 Define ideal in a ring. Let R be a ring and I be an ideal in R. If a e I
- 7 Consider u = (1,-2,3,4), v = (-2,4,5,-3) w = (5,-5,-3,4) and z = (2,7,4,-2). Find 2u 4w + 3v 2z
- 8 Find x and y if (x,7) = (4, x + y)
- 9 Find the length of the u = (3,-12,-4)
- The intelligence quotients (IQ's) of 10 boys is given below: 70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 107, 100 Find the Mean IQ
- The following is the frequency distribution of the number of telephone calls received in 245 successive one-minute intervals at an exchange

No. of Calls	Frequency
0	14
1	21
2	25
3	43
4	51
5	40
6	39
7	12

Obtain the mean number of calls per minute

12 Prepare an inclusive frequency distribution consisting of six classes by classifying raw data of heights (in cms) of 30 students.

165 153 158 149 152 145 162 151 155 148

141 149 157 148 168 162 141 145 152 150

149 154 160 162 153 161 150 159 148 163

Q.4 Long Questions (Attempt Any four from eight)

1 By using Mathematical induction Method Prove that $1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + (2n - 1) = n^2$

2 Find the power set of $A = \{ \{a, b\}, \{c\}, \{d, e, f\} \}$

3 Consider the set of rational defined by a * b = a + b - abFind (7 * 1/2) Is (Q, +) semigroup? Is it commutative?

4 If f(x) = 2x + 5, g(x) = x - 3, then find fog(3) and gof(-4)

Find the inverse of A = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$

Find x, y, z and t, if $3\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ z & t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x & 6 \\ -1 & 2t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 & x+y \\ z+t & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

7 Calculate the mean, median, mode, harmonic mean and geometric mean for the following data.

xi	fi
10	14
30	23
50	27
70	21
90	15

8 Three groups of observations contain 8, 7, and 5 observations. Their geometric means are 8.52, 10.12, and 7.75 respectively. Find the geometric mean of the 20 observations in the single group formed by pooling the three groups.