



**SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**  
**BSc Sem VI Examination - 2022**  
**Mathematics**  
**US06CMTH22-Ring Theory**

Date: 24-6-2022, Friday

Time: 10 am To 12 pm

Q. 1 Answer the following by selecting correct choice from the options.

(10)

1) \_\_\_\_\_ is not an integral domain.

- a.  $\mathbb{Z}$                       b.  $\mathbb{Z}_6$                       c.  $\mathbb{Z}_7$                       d.  $\mathbb{Q}$

2) \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are regular elements of  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

- a. 1 and -1                      b. 0 and 1                      c. -1 and 0                      d. none

3)  $\mathbb{Z}_p$  is a field if  $p$  is a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. prime                      b. composite                      c. any number                      d. none

4) An ideal  $\{0\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ ideal in ring  $R$ .

- a. proper                      b. improper                      c. proper and improper                      d. none

5) If  $I$  is an ideal in ring  $R$  with unity then unit element in  $R/I$  is \_\_\_\_\_

- a. 0                      b.  $R$                       c. 1                      d.  $1 + I$

6) \_\_\_\_\_ is an ideal in  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ .

- a.  $\{\bar{0}, \bar{3}\}$                       b.  $\{\bar{0}, \bar{2}\}$                       c.  $\{\bar{0}, \bar{4}\}$                       d. none

7) Every \_\_\_\_\_ has unit element.

- a. Integral Domain                      b. Ring                      c. Euclidean Domain                      d. Commutative Ring

8) Let  $R$  be an Euclidean domain,  $a, b \in R$ ,  $a$  is proper divisor of  $b$  then  $d(b)$  \_\_\_\_\_  $d(a)$ .

- a. =                      b.  $\leq$                       c.  $<$                       d.  $>$

9) If  $F$  is a field,  $f(x) \in F[x]$ ,  $\alpha \in F$  is a root of  $f(x)$  then \_\_\_\_\_

- a.  $(x - \alpha) | f(x)$                       b.  $(x + \alpha) | f(x)$                       c.  $f(x) | (x - \alpha)$                       d.  $f(x) | (x + \alpha)$

10) If  $R = \mathbb{Z} + i\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 5x - (2 + i)$  then content of  $f$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a.  $1 + i$                       b.  $1 - i$                       c.  $2 + i$                       d.  $2 - i$

**Q.2 Do as directed.**

**(8)**

- 1) Fill in the blank: \_\_\_\_\_ is a field. ( $\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{Q}$ )
- 2) Fill in the blank: The characteristic of ring  $\mathbb{Z}$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (0/1)
- 3) True or False: Every subring is an ideal in a ring.
- 4) True or False: Field has no proper ideals.
- 5) Fill in the blank: Every irreducible element in unique factorization domain is \_\_\_\_\_. (prime/not prime)
- 6) True or False: If  $f(x) = 3x^5 + 2x^3 + 1$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 1$  are polynomials in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  then  $\deg(fg)$  is 7.
- 7) True or False: The polynomial  $f(x) = 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 6x + 9$  is primitive polynomial.
- 8) Fill in the blank: The polynomial  $x^2 - 3 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (reducible/irreducible).

**Q.3 Answer any TEN.**

**(20)**

- 1) Define a ring without zero divisor.
- 2) Find Characteristic of  $\mathbb{Z}_5$ .
- 3) Let  $R$  be a ring then prove that, for all  $a, b \in R$ ,  $a(-b) = (-a)b = -(ab)$ .
- 4) Find all regular elements of  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$ .
- 5) Prove that  $3\mathbb{Z}$  is an ideal in ring  $\mathbb{Z}$ .
- 6) Define simple ring with illustration.
- 7) Find  $\mathbb{Z}/5\mathbb{Z}$ .
- 8) What is the ideal generated by 1 in the ring  $(\mathbb{Z}, +, \cdot)$ ?
- 9) Define an Euclidean Domain.
- 10) Prove that  $1 + 3i$  divides 10 in  $\mathbb{Z} + i\mathbb{Z}$ .
- 11) Find all roots of  $x^3 + 5x$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ .
- 12) If  $F$  is a field then prove that  $F[x]$  is an U.F.D.

**Q.4 Attempt any FOUR.**

**(32)**

- 1) Find the regular elements in the ring  $R = \{a + b\sqrt{-5} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ .
- 2) Prove that every finite integral domain is a field.
- 3) Prove that every commutative simple ring with unit element is a field.
- 4) Prove that  $P$  is prime ideal of ring  $\mathbb{Z}$  iff  $P = 0$  or  $P = p\mathbb{Z}$  for some prime number  $p$ .
- 5) Prove that Every UFD need not be a PID.
- 6) Prove that any two elements of U.F.D. have a GCD.
- 7) State and prove Eisenstein's criterion.
- 8) If  $p$  is prime then prove that  $f(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{p-1} \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  is irreducible.