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Sardar Patel University

B.Sc. Semester-III Examination - 2022

Thursday, 17th November, 2022

Course Code: USC03CSTA21

Find the harmonic mean of the numbers 1, 1/2, 1/3, ... 1/n

Child bearing age or Reproductive age means what?

(6)

(7)

(8)

M Marks: 70

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		(Descriptive S		
Note:	(i) Simple/Scientific calculator is allowed	(ii) Q.3 to 6 ea	ich sub questions have 5 i	
Q.1 N	Iultiple Choice Questions	*	,44,1111111111111111111111111111111111	(10 × 1)
(1)	Quartile Deviation (Q.D) ignores			
	(a) 50% of the observations		(b) lower 50% of the objective 10%	oservations
	(c) middle 50% of the observations		(d) lower 25% and upp	er 25% of the observations
(2)	Which of the following is false?			
	(a) G.M of two numbers is the square re	oot of their produc	ets	
	(b) G.M of $m{n}$ numbers in G.P is the G.M			,
	(c) A.M of $m{n}$ numbers in A.P is the A.M.			
	(d) A.M. of $m{n}$ numbers in G.P is A.M of	first and last numb	ers	•
(3)	Price relatives are a percentage ratio of			
	• • • • •	nt year quantity	(c) base year price	(d) none of these
(4)	In computing STDR of Two countries $oldsymbol{A}$		${f g}$ Country ${m A}$ as standard ${f g}$	population using direct method of
	standardization then STDR of country $oldsymbol{A}$			
	• •	population of A	(c) same as CDR of B	(d) Same as population of B
(5)	The first and foremost step in the constr	uction of index nu		
	(a) Choice of base year		(b) Choice of weights	
	(c) To delineate the purpose of index n	umbers	(d) All of the above	
(6)	Which of the following is false?			
	(a) the numbers 3, 3, 3, 3 have a standa			•
	(b) the numbers 3, 4, 5 have the same s (c) the numbers 1, 5, 9 have a smaller s			
	(d) the standard deviation is a measure			
(7)	Total Fertility Rate refers to	e or spread around	the tentre of the data.	
(7)	(a) No. of women in reproductive age		(b) No. of births per tho	susand women
	(c) No. of births per thousand women in	n child hearing age	• •	
(8)	The curve obtained by joining the points			
(0)	- coordinates are corresponding to cum			
	• •	ency polygon	(c) histogram	(d) frequency curve
(9)	The standard deviation of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6			
(-/	(a) 2 (b) 4		(c) 22	(d) 11
(10)		n about the mean	are 1,4 and 0. The distrib	ution is
()		ed to the left	(c) Symmetrical	(d) None of these
Q.2)		(10×2)
(1)	The algebraic sum of deviations of a give	en set of $oldsymbol{n}$ observa	ations from their	is always zero.
. ,	Fill in the blank and prove the same.			
(2)	What is sex ratio? How to compute it?			
(3)	What is an index number? State its uses			
(4)	If $n=10$, $\sum (Xi-120)=20$, $\sum (Xi-120)=20$	$(120)^2 = 200$, find	the mean and standard d	eviation.
/51	Write in brief about Infant Mortality Ra	te (IMR).		

Given that: $\sum p_0q_0=425$, $\sum p_0q_1=480$, $\sum p_1q_0=500$, $\sum p_1q_1=540$. Calculate an ideal index number.

- (9) Explain the concept of (i) positive skewness (ii) negative skewness by sketching suitable diagrams locating measures of central tendency
- (10) With reference to index number, define base year and current year. Write down ideal characteristics of base year
- (11) In a group of n people, the mean age of men and women is 30 years. If the mean age of x men is 32 and (n-x) women is 27, find the percentage of men and women in the group.
- (12) Which of the following will give the approximate magnitude of complete family size?

(a) GFR

(b) CDR

(c) ASDR

(d) TFR

Choose an appropriate option and write in brief about it.

- Q.3(a) Find the mean of n numbers in Arithmetic Progression (A.P)
 - (b) A man having to drive 120 kms wishes to achieve an average speed of 40 kmph. For the first half of the journey his average speed is only 32 kmph. What must be his average for the second half of the journey if his overall average speed is 45 kmph?

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Q.3(a) The following table gives the distribution of daily expenditure (in Rs.) of 500 workers in a factory.

THE IOHOMING COME &	ives the distribu	mon or dam's out.				
Daily expenditure	50 - 100	100 - 150	150 - 200	200 - 250	250 - 300	300 – 350
No. of workers	10	25	145	220	70	30

Determine (i) mode wage (ii) the limits for the middle 65% of the workers (iii) no. of workers who served (i) less than 112 (ii) between 162 to 280 (iii) more than 150 (iv) the no. of workers having daily income more than median income.

- (b) The mean and variance of seven observations are 8 and 16 respectively. If five of the observations are 2, 4, 10, 12, 14. find the remaining two observations. Draw Box and whisker plot based on all observations and find outlier, if any.
- Q.4(a) The amount of lactic acid in the blood was examined for 10 men, before and after strenuous exercise, with the results in the following table:

an the lon	owing table	•					,		r	T 1
Before	15	16	17	13	20	13	16	14	18	13
After	33	20	40	30	37	18	26	21	19	35

Compute combined variance. Derive the formula for the same.

(b) The arithmetic mean and geometric mean of two numbers are 127. 5 and 60 respectively. Find (i) the two numbers (state and prove the result you had used to find two numbers) (ii) the harmonic mean.

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- Q.4(a) Define raw moments and central moments. Express raw moments in terms of central moments. How will you calculate coefficient of skewness and kurtosis based on it?
 - (b) The following table gives the distribution of daily income of 500 workers in a factory. Calculate an appropriate measure of skewness and comment about the shape of the distribution.

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Daily income(Rs.)	50 - 100	100 - 150	150 - 200	200 - 250	250 - 300	≥ 300
No. of workers	10	25	145	220	70	30

- Q.5(a) Write a note on Standardized Death Rate (STDR)
 - (b) Do as directed:

festility.

- (i) List out the various measures of meats lity. Write in brief about any one of it with its merits and demerits
- (ii) Write a note on (i) Age Specific Death Rate (ASDR) (ii) Total Fertility Rate (TFR)

OR

Q.5(a) What is the purpose of standardization of a mortality data? Explain the direct and indirect method of standardization.

(b) Following are the data regarding population and deaths by age of three different cities:

	Cit	y - A	Cit	y - B	City - C	
Age group	Population	No. of deaths	Population	No. of deaths	Population	No. of deaths
< 15	1,14,350	136	37,164	59	23,961	32
15 - 24	80,259	57	20,036	18	15,420	9
25 - 44	1,33,440	208	32,693	37	21,353	30
45 - 64	1,42,670	1,016	14,947	90	19,609	14
65 +	92,168	3,605	2,077	81	10,685	52

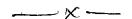
Calculate STDR of City – A and city – C, considering the population of City - B as standard population.

- Q.6(a) If Laspeyre's price index is equal to Paasche's index, show that both the index numbers satisfy the factor reversal test.
 - (b) Write down the steps in construction of index numbers.

OR

Q.6 Calculate Unweighted and weighted index numbers. Comment on your findings

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Commodity	Price	Expenditure	Price	Expenditure
A	8	80	10	120
В	10	120	12	. 96
\overline{c}	5	40	5 .	50
D	4	56	3	60
E	20	100	25	150



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