



SEAT No. _____

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Examination – 2022

Date: 17/06/22, Friday

Microbiology - Semester III

US03CMIC21 – Elements of Microbiology

Time: 12.00 pm to 2.00 pm

Total Marks: 70

N.B. (i) Attempt All questions. (ii) Marks are indicated on the right.

Q.1. Select the right answer.

(10)

- 1) A technique of sterilization by discontinuous heating is known as _____.
(a) Pasteurisation (b) Tyndallisation
(c) Sterilization (d) None of these
- 2) Vaccine against Cholera, Anthrax and Rabies was discovered by _____.
(a) Theodor Schwann (b) Salmon Walkman
(c) Louis Pasteur (d) John Tyndall
- 3) Function of capsule is _____.
(a) Food storage (b) Attachment
(c) Protection (d) All of these.
- 4) Cell membrane is made up of _____.
(a) Peptidoglycan (b) Lipids
(c) Teichoic acid (d) None of these
- 5) Cocci are arranged as _____.
(a) Diplococcus (b) Tetrad
(c) Sarcina (d) All of these
- 6) To observe living unstained cells _____ microscopy is used.
(a) Electron (b) Phase-contrast
(c) Fluorescence (d) None of these
- 7) _____ is an example of decolouriser.
(a) Iodine (b) Acid
(c) Alcohol (d) None of these.
- 8) A collection of similar species is known as _____.
(a) Order (b) Genus
(c) Family (d) Class.
- 9) Percentage Similarity (%S) is calculated in _____.
(a) Intuitive method (b) Numerical Taxonomy
(c) Genetic Relatedness (d) None of these.
- 10) Classification of living organisms into groups is known as _____.
(a) Taxonomy (b) Classification
(c) Nomenclature (d) None of these.

continue.....

(P.T.O.)

Q.2) (a) Fill in the blank.

(8)

- 1) First antibiotic penicillin was discovered by _____ scientist.
- 2) _____ are non-living ribbon like or tubular appendages secreted by some aquatic bacteria.
- 3) Total magnification achieved through oil immersion lens is _____.
- 4) Heteroduplexes are formed in _____ experiment.

(b) State True or False.

- 1) Paul Ehrlich discovered Phagocytosis.
- 2) Bacterial endospore is composed of Ca-dipicolonic acid.
- 3) *Mycobacterium bovis* is an example of Acid-Fast bacteria.
- 4) As per Binomial nomenclature bacterial name can be written in capital letters.

Q.3) Answer in brief (Any 10)

(20)

- 1) Name a scientist along with his contribution in field of agriculture.
- 2) Name 2 contributions of Louis Pasteur.
- 3) Write Koch's Postulate.
- 4) Draw a labelled diagram of bacterial cell.
- 5) What is Protoplast and Spheroplast?
- 6) Write 2 differences between Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell.
- 7) What is the difference between SEM and TEM?
- 8) Give an example of Intensifier and Mordant.
- 9) What is leuco compound? Give example.
- 10) Write about Haeckel's Classification.
- 11) Name 4 divisions of Bergey's manual.
- 12) Define: Strain and Species

Q.4) Answer in detail. (Any four)

(32)

- 1) Explain: Spontaneous generation verses Biogenesis.
- 2) Explain: Germ Theory of Disease.
- 3) Short Note: Ultra structure of Bacterial Flagella.
- 4) Write in Detail: Gram Positive bacterial cell-wall.
- 5) Define: Dye. Draw basic structure of Dye and explain different types of Dyes in detail.
- 6) Short Note: Fluorescence Microscopy.
- 7) Explain: Whittaker's five kingdom in detail.
- 8) List major characteristics of micro-organisms and explain morphological and cultural characters in detail.
