

[50]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B. Sc. CA & IT Examination, 2nd Semester Monday, 25th April, 2022

US02CIIT21: Advanced C & Introduction to Data Structure

Tim	e: 12:0	00 PM to 02:00 PM		Total Marks: 70		
Note				Multiple Choice Questions) should be		
	writt	en in the provided answer boo	ok onl	У		
Q:1	Give	answers of following Multip	le Ch	oice Questions [10]		
[01]	Given the definitions shown below, which answer is not valid?					
	int i; (A)	float f; int *pd; float *pf; pd = pf;	(D)	.		
	` '	pd = pi, pd = &i		i = 5; $pf = &f$		
[02]	Whic	ch of the following defines and		llizes a pointer to the address of x?		
	(A)	int *ptr = *x;	(B)	int *ptr = &x		
	` '	int &ptr = *x;	• • •	$int *ptr = ^x;$		
[03]	,					
	(A) (C)	Arrays Float	(B) (D)	Pointers Structure		
[04]	. ,	ch one of the following is valid				
F		fileOpen (filenm, "r");	(B)			
	(C)	fileOpen (filenm, "ra");	(D)	_ ` ','		
[05]	The term "push" and "pop" is related to the?					
	(A)	Array	(B)	Stacks		
[0.6]	(C)	Queue	(D)	All of these		
[06]				ation of a Stack data structure?		
•	(A) (C)	Stack Machine Recursion	(B) (D)	1		
[07]	An o	peration that is used to insert	an el	ement on a stack is known as		
	(A)	Push	(B)	Peep		
	(C)	Pop	(D)	Change		
[80]		Which of the following is NOT the type of Linked list?				
	(A) (C)	Two-way list Doubly Linked list	(B) (D)	Three-way list Circular linked list		
[09]	` '	· ·	` '	to the first node is known as		
ادما	(A)	Singly linked list	(B)	Circular linked list		
	(C)	Doubly linked list	(D)	None of the above		
[10]	A data structure in which insertion and deletion of an elements occurs at both					
4	the end is known as					
	(A)	Stack	(B)	Priority Queue		
	(C)	Queue	(D)	Dequeue		

Q:2	Fill in	the Blanks and True-False	[80]
₩	[01]	defines a pointer variable to an integer.	
•	[02]	allows a portion of memory to be shared by different	
	[02]	types of data.	
	[03]	Files are atype of Data Structure.	
	[04]	A linked list is type of data structure.	
	[05]	Malloc() is a C memory allocation function. (T/F)	
	[06]	stuct is used to create a new type that can be used anywhere a type is permitted. (T/F)	
	[07]	Linear arrays data structures are indexed structures (T/F)	
	[08]	A storage representation of a linked list in a memory is linear. (T/F)	
Q:3	Ansv	ver the following short questions (any Ten)	[20]
_	[01]	Give the concept of pointers to array.	
	[02]	Differentiate malloc() and calloc().	-
	[03]	List out benefits of pointers.	
	[04]	Define: structure, member operator	
	[05]	List file modes available to manage the file in C.	-
	[06]	Differentiate: printf and fprintf	
	[07]	Give the Example of Non-Primitive Data Structure.	
	[08]	List out different applications of data Structure.	
	[09]	State various Applications of Stack.	
	[10]	Define: Queue and Dequeue.	
	[11]		
	[12]	What is a Singly Linked list?	
Q:4	Ans	wer the following short questions (any Four)	[32]
	[A]	variable by taking example.	
	[B]	Explain pointer to structure using suitable example.	
	[C]	Explain array within structure using suitable example.	
	[D]		
	[E]	to the delete on element from a Stack.	
	[F]	the Change operation of a Stack	
			s
	[G	operations performed over a queue.	
	[H	to delete an element from a simple queue.	
	ſ	X	