

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE Master of Pharmacy in Pharmaceutics M. Pharm (Pharmaceutics) Semester: II

Programme Outcome (PO)	At the end of Master of Pharmacy (M. Pharm) program, the students will be able to:
- For M. Pharm (MPH) Programme	1. Acquire knowledge and comprehension of the advancements in the core and specialization area of pharmacy.
	2. Demonstrate a degree of expertise in laboratory practices, analytical techniques and scientific tools.
	3. Independently carry out research/investigation and development work to solve problem.
	4. Write and present a substantial scientific document and technical report.
	5. Apply reasoning by contextual knowledge to assess societal impact, environmental impact, health, safety and legal issues and the
	consequent responsibilities relevant to the pharmacy profession.
Programme Specific	After completion of the program students are able to:
Outcome (PSO) - For M.	1. Students will understand the concept of targeted drug delivery to various organs of body with its complexity and evaluation
Pharm (MPH) Semester - II	2. How the drug can affect the body and how the body can affect the administered drug will be learnt by the students.
	3. Current scenario of drug development through computer aided as well as through artificial intelligence will be also understood by
	students
	4. Students will learn various regulatory guidelines and constrains in development of cosmetic products
	5. Students will also learn the development of cosmetic products for allopathic as well as herbal ingredients





To Pass	At least 50% Marks in the University Examination in each paper and 50% Marks in the aggregate of University and Internal examination in each course of Theory, Practical & Research work.							
Course					Exam	Component of Marks		
Туре	Course Code	Name of Course	Theory/ Practical	Credit	Duration in hrs	Internal	External	Total
Employability, Entrepreneurship	MPH201T	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS)	Т	4	3	25	75	100/50
Employability, Entrepreneurship	MPH202T	Advanced Bio-pharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	Т	4	3	25	75	100/50
Employability, Entrepreneurship	MPH203T	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System	Т	4	3	25	75	100/50
Employability, Entrepreneurship	MPH204T	Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals	Т	4	3	25	75	100/50
Employability, Entrepreneurship, Skill development	MPH205P	Pharmaceutics Practical II	Р	6	б	50	100	150/75
Employability, Skill development	MPH206S	Seminar/Assignment		4	-	-	-	100/50
				26				650/325





Master of Pharmacy

Course Code	MPH201T	Title of the Course	Molecular Pharmaceutics (Nano Tech and Targeted DDS)
Total Credits of the Course	4	Hours per Week	4

Course	Upon completion of the course student shall be able to understand
Objectives:	1. The various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
	2. The criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of NTDS
	3. The formulation and evaluation of systems related to gene delivery.
	4. Formulation of various nano-micro delivery systems for targeting

Course	Content	
Unit	Description	Hrs.
Ι	Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, Events and biological process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and Brain specific delivery	12
II	Targeting Methods : introduction preparation and evaluation. Nano Particles & Liposomes: Types, preparation and evaluation	12
III	Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation, Monoclonal Antibodies; preparation and application, preparation and application of Niosomes, Aquasomes, Phytosomes, Electrosomes.	12
	Dispersion Systems - Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) preparation and stability	
	Nano formulations for Parenteral use - Large and small volume parental – physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation.	
IV	Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems : Aerosols, propellents, Containers, Types, preparation and evaluation, Intra Nasal Route Delivery systems; Types, preparation and evaluation	12
V	Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system: Gene therapy, introduction (ex-vivo & in-vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and nonviral gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems.	12
	Biodistribution and Pharmacokinetics . Knowledge of therapeutic antisense molecules and aptamers as drugs of future.	





Teaching- Learning Methodology	 Students will be oriented about the course content in the first session of the course Class-room teaching will be based on interactive sessions using chalk and board teaching method as well as teaching aids such as Powepoint presentations, audio-visual presentations. Virtual teaching and examination will also utilized for the learners of the course. Seminar/assignments on advanced, recent and useful topics related to the course will be an integral part of course teaching and learning methodology. Quiz and Q & A sessions for the topics covered will be conducted at regular interval. Internal theory test will be conducted as a part of regular curriculum. Attendance will be marked for each session as a part of overall evaluation. Teaching will be facilitated by reading material, discussion forum, task-based learning and case discussions.
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Evaluation Pattern				
Sr. No	No Details of Evaluation Marks			
1.	Continuous Mode	10		
2.	Sessional Examination	15		
3.	End Semester Examination	75		

Course	Course Outcomes:				
1.	Acquire skill of developing various targeted drug delivery systems and their evaluations				
2.	Design various formulation approaches like nano technology, aerosols, nebulizers and dry powder inhalers for effective pulmonary delivery				
3.	Strategic development for improving nasal absorption in the design of nasal drug delivery systems				
4.	Application of gene therapy in the treatment of cancer and inherited diseases				

Suggeste	Suggested References:				
Sr. No	References				
1	Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.				
2	S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances, VallabhPrakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002.				
3	3 N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, NewDelhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001)				





Master of Pharmacy

Course Code	MPH202T	Title of the Course	Advanced Bio-pharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics
Total Credits of the Course	4	Hours per Week	4

Course	Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able understand,
Objectives:	 The basic concepts in bio-pharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics. The use raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination. The critical evaluation of bio-pharmaceutics studies involving drug product equivalency. The design and evaluation of dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and bio-pharmaceutics parameters. The potential clinical pharmacokinetic problems and application of basics of pharmacokinetic

Course Content				
Unit	Description	Hrs.		
Ι	Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract : Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH–partition theory of drug absorption. Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes–Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form ,Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form ,Dissolution methods ,Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data. Transport model: Permeability-Solubility-Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight-Junction Complex.	12		
П	Bio-pharmaceutics considerations in drug product design and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, bio-pharmaceutics factors affecting drug bioavailability, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product performance, <i>in vitro</i> : dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing, meeting dissolution requirements, problems of variable control in dissolution testing performance of drug products. <i>In vitro–in vivo</i> correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability, considerations in the design of a drug product.	12		
III	Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, extra-vascular. Multi compartment model: two compartment - model in brief, non-linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, estimation of k _{max} and v _{max} . Drug	12		





	interactions: introduction, the effect of protein- binding interactions, the effect of tissue- binding interactions, cytochrome p450-based drug interactions, drug interactions linked to transporters	
IV	Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence : drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, study submission and drug review process. Bio-pharmaceutics classification system, methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods. generic biologics (biosimilar drug products), clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, generic substitution.	12
V	Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified-Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Products. Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic, drug interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs. Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Gene therapies	12

Teaching- Learning Methodology	 Students will be oriented about the course content in the first session of the course Class-room teaching will be based on interactive sessions using chalk and board teaching method as well as teaching aids such as Power-point presentations, audio-visual presentations. Virtual teaching and examination will also be utilized for the learners of the course. Seminar/assignments on advanced, recent and useful topics related to the course will be an integral part of course teaching and learning methodology. Quiz and Q & A sessions for the topics covered will be conducted at regular interval. Internal theory test will be conducted as a part of regular curriculum. Attendance will be marked for each session as a part of overall evaluation. Teaching will be facilitated by reading material, discussion forum, task-based learning and case discussions.
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Evaluat	Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No	Details of Evaluation	Marks	
1.	Continuous Mode	10	
2.	Sessional Examination	15	
3.	End Semester Examination	75	

Course Outcomes:			
1.	1. Learn the mechanism of drug absorption, bioavailability and various factors affecting		
2.	2. Comprehend the concept of various dissolution testing models		
3.	3. Basic considerations of pharmacokinetic and dynamic models		





4. Various regulatory aspects of bio-availability and bioequivalence studies

Suggested References:	
Sr. No	References
1	Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition, Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2	Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2 nd edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
3	Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1982
4	Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by MalcolmRowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
5	Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4th edition, revised and expande by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel, 1987
6	Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971
7	Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996
8	Basic Pharmacokinetics,1 st edition,Sunil S JambhekarandPhilip J Breen,pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.
9	Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003
10	Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971
11	Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996
12	Basic Pharmacokinetics,1st edition, Sunil S Jambhekar and Philip J Breen, pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009
13	Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2003.





Master of Pharmacy

Course Code	MPH203T	Title of the Course	Computer Aided Drug Delivery System
Total Credits of the Course	4	Hours per Week	4

Course	Upon completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,
Objectives:	1. History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development
	2. Computational Modelling of Drug Disposition
	3. Computers in Preclinical Development
	4. QbD in Pharmaceutical Formulation
	5. Computers in Market Analysis
	6. Computers in Clinical Development
	7. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Robotics
	8. Computational fluid dynamics(CFD)

Course (Course Content		
Unit	Description	Hrs.	
Ι	Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development : A General Overview: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Statistical modeling in Pharmaceutical research and development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic Modeling, Statistical Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling	12	
	 Quality-by-Design In Pharmaceutical Development a. Introduction, objectives, elements, benefits and current status b. Aspects of QbD to product development – QTPP, CQA, CMA, CPP, Risk Assessment, Design Space, Control Strategy, Product Life Cycle Management and Continuous Improvement c. Implementation of QbD in product development (Case Studies) 		
II	Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition : Introduction ,Modeling Techniques: Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Distribution ,Drug Excretion, Active Transport; P-gp, BCRP, Nucleoside Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB-Choline Transporter	12	
III	Computer-aided formulation development:: Concept of optimization, Optimization parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions,	12	





	microemulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis	
IV	 (a) Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal absorption simulation. Introduction, Theoretical background, Model construction, Parameter sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and <i>in vitro- in vivo</i> correlation, Biowaiver considerations (b) Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Whole Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes. (c) Computers in Clinical Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer Systems 	12
V	Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics: General overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions	12

Teaching- Learning Methodology

Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No	Details of Evaluation	Marks
1.	Continuous Mode	10
2.	Sessional Examination	15
3.	End Semester Examination	75





Course Outcomes:		
1.	Application of computers in pharmaceutical product development	
2.	Implement various computational modeling and drug disposition studies	
3.	Learn the use of computers in Clinical Data Collection and Management	
4.	Acquire the prerequisite of industrial automation by application of artificial intelligence, robotics and computational fluid dynamics	

Suggested References:		
Sr. No	References	
1	Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Sean Ekins, 2006, John Wiley & Sons.	
2	Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1 st Edition, Jelena Djuris, Woodhead Publishing	
3	Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996	





Master of Pharmacy

Course Code	MPH204T	Title of the Course	Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals
Total Credits of the Course	4	Hours per Week	4

Course	Upon completion of the course, the students shall be able to understand
Objectives:	1. Key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals.
	2. Key formulation building blocks for various cosmetics.
	3. Current herbal cosmetic technologies in the market
	4. Various key ingredients and basic science to develop skin care products
	5. Scientific knowledge to controversial ingredients towards cosmetic products

Course Content			
Unit	Description	Hrs.	
Ι	Cosmetics – Regulatory: Definition of cosmetic products as per Indian regulation. Indian	12	
	regulatory requirements for labeling of cosmetics Regulatory provisions relating to import		
	of cosmetics, Misbranded and spurious cosmetics. Regulatory provisions relating to		
	manufacture of cosmetics - Conditions for obtaining license, prohibition of manufacture		
	and sale of certain cosmetics, loan license, offences and penalties		
II	Cosmetics - Biological aspects: Structure of skin relating to problems like dry skin, acne,	12	
	pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles and body odor. Structure of hair and hair growth		
	cycle. Common problems associated with oral cavity. Cleansing and care needs for face,		
	eye lids, lips, hands, feet, nail, scalp, neck, body and under-arm.		
III	Formulation Building blocks: Building blocks for different product formulations of	12	
	cosmetics/ cosmeceuticals. Surfactants - Classification and application. Emollients,		
	rheological additives: classification and application. Antimicrobial used as preservatives,		
	their merits and demerits. Factors affecting microbial preservative efficacy. Building		
	blocks for formulation of a moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo		
	and toothpaste. Soaps and syndet bars. Perfumes: Classification of perfumes. Perfume		
	ingredients listed as allergens in EU regulation		
	Controversial ingredients: Parabens, formaldehyde liberators, dioxane.		
IV	Design of cosmeceutical products: Sun protection, sunscreens classification and		
	regulatory aspects. Addressing dry skin, acne, sun-protection, pigmentation, prickly heat,	12	
	wrinkles, body odor, dandruff, dental cavities, bleeding gums, mouth odor and sensitive		
	teeth through cosmeceutical formulations		
V	Herbal Cosmetics: Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skin care and oral care. Review	12	
	of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to		
	preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges		
	in formulating herbal cosmetics		





Teaching- Learning Methodology	 Students will be oriented about the course content in the first session of the course Class-room teaching will be based on interactive sessions using chalk and board teaching method as well as teaching aids such as Powepoint presentations, audio-visual presentations. Virtual teaching and examination will also utilized for the learners of the course. Seminar/assignments on advanced, recent and useful topics related to the course will be an integral part of course teaching and learning methodology. Quiz and Q & A sessions for the topics covered will be conducted at regular interval. Internal theory test will be conducted as a part of regular curriculum. Attendance will be marked for each session as a part of overall evaluation. Teaching will be facilitated by reading material, discussion forum, task-based learning and case discussions.
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Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No	Details of Evaluation	Marks
1.	Continuous Mode	10
2.	Sessional Examination	15
3.	End Semester Examination	75

Course Outcomes:		
1.	Apply various regulatory provisions related to the import, manufacture and labeling of cosmetics	
2.	Theorize various Biological aspects and constraints in the development of cosmetics.	
3.	Utilize various technologies for designing cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy	
4.	Selection of synthetic and herbal ingredients in the cosmetic formulations for hair care, skin care and oral care	

Suggested References:		
Sr. No	References	
1	Harry's Cosmeticology. 8 th edition.	
2	Poucher'sperfumecosmeticsandSoaps,10 th edition	
3	Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacture and quality control, PP.Sharma,4 th edition	
4	Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology A.O.Barel, M.Paye and H.I. Maibach. 3 rd edition	
5	Cosmetic and Toiletries recent suppliers catalogue	
6	CTFA directory.	





Master of Pharmacy

Course Code	MPH205P	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutics Practical II
Total Credits of the Course	6	Hours per Week	12

Course	1. Knowledge of various particulate and conventional Drug Delivery System	
Objectives:	2. Dissolution Profiles and Improvisation.	
	3. Application of Design of Experiment & other Data Analysis Software	
	4. Knowledge of synthetic as well as Herbal chemicals/Expedients	

Course C	Course Content		
Unit	Description		
1	To study the effect of temperature change , non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation		
2	Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads		
3	Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres		
4	Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes		
5	Formulation and evaluation of spherules		
6	Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique		
7	Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products / brands		
8	Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug		
9	Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals		
10	Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by Winnoline ^R software		
11	In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism		
12	DoE Using Design Expert [®] Software		
13	Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert [®] Software		
14	Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development		





15	Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics	
16	Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition	
17	To develop Clinical Data Collection manual	
18	To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.	
19	Development and evaluation of Creams	
20	Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base	
21	To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products	
22	To address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff	

Teaching- Learning Methodology	 Practical training will be facilitated by demonstrations and check-list preparation. Training of instrument or equipment will be imparted with demonstration of components of equipment and standard operating procedure. Students will be instructed for performance of experiment followed by recording of observation, analysis and interpretation of data and discussion on the conclusion. Quiz, viva-voce and performance test will be conducted for evaluation of practical
	4. Quiz, viva-voce and performance test will be conducted for evaluation of practical understanding.

Evaluation Pattern		
Sr. No	Details of Evaluation	Marks
1.	Continuous Mode	10
2.	Sessional Examination	15
3.	End Semester Examination	75

Course Outcomes:		
1.	Able to formulate and evaluate various macro, micro and Nano Drug Delivery System	
2.	Capable to improve solubility/ dissolution of drug with knowledge of Dissolution mechanism for Bioavailability testing	
3.	Ability to Handle Statistical Tools for Data Analysis in formulation Development & Pharmacokinetic – Dynamic simulation	
4	Selection of synthetic and Herbal Ingredients in Dosage Form Development	

