## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

**Programme: MSC (Applied Science)** 

Semester: I

Syllabus with effect from: June 2013

Paper Code: PT01EASC02	
Title Of Paper: Quantitation of Biological Molecules and Introduction to Laboratory	<b>Total Credits: 4</b>
Medicine	

Unit	Description in detail	Weightage (%)
1	Basics of Scientific Calculations & Quantitation of DNA, RNA and Protein:	
	Scientific Notation, Metrix Prefixes, Significant digits, exponent and scientific	
	notion, Metrix Prefixes Solution Mixture and Media, Molarity, Normality,	
	Dilution, Acid base chemistry, Spectrophotometry calculation, Protein Calculation (protein Molecular Weight, Protein Quantification, Isoelectric	25 %
	point determination), Nucleic acid quantification (Determining Concentration of	25 %
	Double Stranded DNA, Determining Concentration of single Stranded DNA,	
	oligonucleotide Quantification, Measuring RNA concentration and Molecular	
	Weight, Molarity and Nucleic acid length)	
2	Calculation based on Radioactivity and other modern techniques: Isotopes	
	in Biochemistry, Determination of biological half life, Radioactive Decay,	25.0/
	Labelling of Nucleic Acid with radioisotopes, Calculation required for Growth Kinetics, PCR, Real Time PCR, Recombinant DNA technology,	25 %
	Nanotechnology and Chromatography.	
3	Clinical Pathology, Haematology & Clinical Biochemistry: Physical,	
	chemical, Microscopic Examination of Urine, Sputum, Faeces, Cerebrospinal	
	fluid (CSF) and other body fluids, Normal constituents of Blood, their	
	structure and function, Collection of Blood samples and various	
	Anticoagulants, Hb, PCV, ESR, Normal Haemostasis, Bleeding Time, Clotting	
	Time, Prothrombin Time, Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time. Blood grouping and Rh Types, Cross matching. Blood sugar regulation (Hormonal),	25 %
	Abnormalities, Diabetes mellitus, GTT, Glycated- Hemoglobin, Liver function	
	tests, Renal function tests, Pancreatic function tests, Thyroid function tests,	
	Cardiac function test.	
4	Clinical Microbiology & Hospital Infection Control: Classification of	
	microorganisms, Size, shape and structure of bacteria, Use of microscope in the	
	study of bacteria. Principles and use of equipments of sterilization namely Hot	
	Air oven, Autoclave and serum inspissator, Antiseptic and disinfectants, Nutrition, growth and multiplications of bacteria, Culture and antimicrobial	25.0/
	sensitivity test, Principles of common serological tests namely Widal, VDRL,	25 %
	HIV and HBsAg, Diseases caused Staphylococci, E. coli, Pseudomonas,	
	Salmonella, Mycobacteria, E.histolytica, Plasmodium, Hepatitis viruses and	
	HIV. Prevention and control of Health-care associated infections (HAIs): Types	
	of HAIs, Routes of transmission. Measures for prevention and Control,	
	Bio-medical Waste Management.(BMW)	

## **Basic Text & Reference Books:**

- ➤ Biochemical Calculation, Irwin H. Segel
- Calculation in Molecular Biology and Biotechnology, Frank H. Stephenson
- ➤ Biochemical Calculations, Biostatistics, E. Padmini
- > A Guide to Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry

