LL.B (General) Syllabus



Programme & Subject: LLB (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

The LL.B. (General) and LL.B. (Special) syllabus has been updated in conformity with the Bar Council of India Rules -2008. The revised curriculum of LL.B. (General) and LL.B. (Special) shall come into force progressively from June, 2009 (i.e. First LL.B. (General) from June 2009, Second LL.B. (General) from June 2010 and LL.B. (Special) from June 2011)

(However, the students admitted in the old First LL.B. (General), Second LL.B. (General) and LL.B. (Special) course up to the academic year 2009-10, 2010-11 and 2011-12 respectively shall have an option to appear and pass the respective examinations up to two years i.e. two examinations to be held after the completion of academic year 2009-10, 2010-11 and 2011-12 respectively. Thereby, the terms kept earlier under old First LL.B. (General), old Second LL.B. (General) and old LL.B. (Special) courses shall stand lapsed or nullified after the end of the academic year 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 respectively.)

The academic regulations and updated syllabus of LL.B. (General) & LL.B. (Special) and the courses are given below:

R.L.1. Candidate for the Degree of Bachelor of Laws must have graduated in any discipline of knowledge from a University established by an Act of Parliament or by a State Legislature or an equivalent National Institution recognized as a Deemed to be University or Foreign University recognized as equivalent to the status of an Indian University by an authority competent to declare equivalence with minimum 45% of the total marks in case of General Category candidates and 40% of the total marks in case of SC and ST candidates in the qualifying examination And will be required to pass two subsequent Examinations, the first to be called the First Examination for the degree of Bachelor of Law (General) i.e. First LL.B.(General) and Second to be called Second Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Law (General) i.e. Second LL.B. (General).

However, the maximum age for seeking admission is limited to 30 years in case of General category of applicant and to 35 years in case of applicants from SC, ST and OBC.

(Note: -Admissions to the reserved category shall be granted as per the prevailing rules of the Government of Gujarat from time to time.)

- **R.L.2.** The Examination mentioned in R.L.1 will be conducted under the Semester System. For this purpose, each academic year will be divided into Two Semesters.
- **R.L.3.** No candidate will be admitted to any Semester Examination of First LL.B. (General) unless it is certified by the Principal of his/her college:
 - That he/she has attended courses of study to the satisfaction of the Principal at a college recognized for teaching courses of study in law by this University, and
 - ➤ Obtained not less than 30% marks in the aggregate of all the subjects in the internal test conducted by the college.
- **R.L.4.** No candidate will be admitted to any Semester Examination for the Degree of Second LL.B. (General) unless he has passed examination of both the Semesters of First LL.B.(General) and it is certified by the Principal of his/her college:
 - That he/she has attended courses of study to the satisfaction of Principal at a college recognized for teaching courses of study in Law by this University, and



- > That he/she has obtained not less than 30% marks in the aggregate of all the subjects in the internal test conducted by the college.
- **R.L.5.** Candidates desirous of appearing at any Semester Examination leading to the Degree of First LL.B. (General) must forward their applications in the prescribed form to the Registrar through the Principal of the college on or before the date prescribed for the said purpose under the relevant ordinance/s.
- **R.L.6.** The University will hold Examination for all the papers prescribed for the First LL.B. (General) and Second LL.B. (General) course twice a year i.e. October/November and March/April.
- **R.L.7.** No candidate will be allowed to reappear at Examination which he has already passed.
- **R.L.8.** No candidate will be declared successful at any of the Examinations mentioned bellow unless he/she passes in all papers prescribed for the Semesters mentioned against each Examination:
 - First LL.B. (General)
 Second LL.B. (General)
 I & II Semester
 I & II Semester
- **R.L.9.** For purpose of deciding final University results at any of the Semester Examinations in Law, the ratio between the Internal and External assessment shall be 30:70 respectively. For the purpose of Internal assessment, the college concerned will conduct at least one test in each Semester/Term. The college may also arrange Quizzes, Term Papers, Assignments, etc.
- **R.L.10.** (I) A candidate who has failed to appear at or pass the First Semester Examination of the First LL.B. (General) or Second LL.B. (General) will be permitted to keep term for the Second Semester of the respective course, as the case may be.
- (II) A candidate who has failed to appear at or pass the First Semester Examination will be required to appear simultaneously in the paper/s in which he did not appear or failed at the First Semester Examination along with the paper/s of the Second Semester Examination.
- **R.L.11.** The Scheme of Examination for the First LL.B. (General) & Second LL.B (General) course will be as under:



					dit Contact Hrs/Week		Exam	Component of Mar		rks
Course Type	Course Code	Name Of Course	Theory/Practical	Credit			Contact		Internal	External
						in hrs	Total/ Passing	Total/ Passing	Total/ Passing	
	•	Semester - I	1			ı	8			
		The Law of Contract - I								
	Paper - I	(The General Principles of Contract –				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
		Section 1 to 75 and Specific Relief Act)								
	Paper - II	Special Contracts								
	_	(Indemnity, Guarantee, Bailment, Pledge,				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
		Agency, Sale of Goods Act and Partnership							100	
		Act)								
	Paper - III	Law of Tort including MV Accident and				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
	Paper - III	Consumer Protection Laws				3 1118.			100	
	Paper - IV	Law of Crimes Paper-I: Penal Code				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
		Semester - II								
	Paper - V	Constitutional Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
	Paper - VI	Property Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
	Paper - VII	Environmental Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
	Paper - VIII	Company Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100	
	Paper - IX	Banking Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100	



						Exam Duration in hrs	Com	ponent of Ma	rks
Course Type	Course Code	Name Of Course	Theory/Practical	Credit	Contact Hrs/Week		Internal Total/ Passing	External Total/ Passing	Total Total/ Passing
	.1	Semester - I	<u> </u>				1 assing	1 assing	1 assing
	Paper - I	Jurisprudence				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - II	Family Law-I				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - III	Family Law-II				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - IV	Administrative Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - V	Labour & Industrial Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100
		Semester - II							
	Paper - VI	Human Right Law and Practice				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - VII	Interpretation of Statutes & Principles of Legislation				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - VIII	Public International Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper -IX	Principles of Taxation Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100



R.L.12. Standard of Passing:

- (A) To pass any Semester Examination for the Degree of LL.B. (General), a candidate must obtain-
 - At least 40% marks in each paper at the University Examination as well as in the total of University Examination and Internal Assessment added together; and
 - > 50% of the total marks obtainable in the aggregate of all the papers.

(B) Award of Classes:-

- ➤ The successful candidate who passes in all the papers at one sitting and obtain not less than 50% of the total marks obtainable will be placed in the **Second Class**.
- The successful candidate who passes in all the papers at one sitting and obtains:

At least 55% of the marks in the aggregate of all subjects separately in the Internal Assessments and the University Examination, and

Not less than 60% of the total marks in the aggregate of all the subjects will be placed in the First Class.

The successful candidate who passes in all the papers at one sitting and obtains :

At least 60% of the marks in the aggregate of all the subjects separately in the Internal Assessments and the University Examination, and

Not less than 70% of the total marks in aggregate of all the subjects will be declared to have passed the Examination in First Class with Distinction.

(Note: Candidate passing any semester Examination in compartments will not be eligible for award of a Class.)

R.L.13. Exemption:

A candidate who has failed in any Semester Examination but has secured at least 50% of the total marks in a paper/s may, at his option, be exempted from appearing again in that paper/s at a subsequent Semester Examination/s and will be declared to have passed the Semester Examination when he/she has passed in all the remaining paper/s in accordance with the provisions of Regulation L.12.

R.L.14. A.T.K.T.:

A candidate who has failed in any one subject in accordance to R.L. 12(a)(i) **or** fails in accordance with R.L. 12(a)(ii) in each Semester Examination for the degree of First LL.B, of this University, will be allowed to keep Semester/terms for Second LL.B.(General), Provided however that he/she shall not be declared to have passed the Second LL.B.(General) Degree Examination unless he/she has passed in accordance with R.L.12 in the remaining papers of any Semester Examination for the First LL.B.(General), held either in previous or in the same Semester/term and such a candidate shall not be eligible for a Class, Prize or Scholarship.

R.L.15. The following are the syllabus for the various subjects to be studied at the First LL.B. (General) Course:



First LL.B (General) Syllabus Semester - I



Paper Code: Paper - I	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: The Law of Contracts - I	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
	General Principles of Law of contract	
	History and nature of contractual obligations	
	Agreement and contract: definitions, elements and kinds.	
	Proposal and acceptance- their various forms, essential elements,	
	communication and revocation- proposal and invitations for proposal- floating	
	offers- tenders dumping of goods.	
	Consideration - its need, meaning, kinds, essential elements - nudum pactum -	
	Privity of contract and of consideration- its exceptions- adequacy of	
	consideration, present, past and adequate consideration- unlawful	
	consideration and its effects -views of Law Commission of India on	
	consideration- evaluation of the doctrine of consideration.	
	Capacity to contract- meaning- incapacity arising out of status and mental	
	Defect- minor's agreements- definition of 'minor'- accessories supplied to a	
	minor agreements beneficial and detrimental to a minor - affirmation-	
	restitution in cases of minor's agreements- fraud by a minor- agreements made	
	on behalf of a minor .minor's agreements and estoppels- evaluation of the law	
	relating to minor's agreements- other illustrations of incapacity to contract.	
	Free consent- Its need and definition- factors vitiating free consent.	
	Coercion- definition- essential elements- duress and coercion- various	
	Illustrations of coercion- doctrine of economic duress- effect of coercion	
	Undue Influence- definition- essential elements- between which parties can it	
	exist? Who is to prove it? Illustrations of undue influence-	
	independent advice pardanashin women- unconscionable bargains - effect of	
	undue influence.	
	Misrepresentation - definition - misrepresentation of law and of fact-	
	their effects and illustration.	
	Fraud - definition - essential elements - suggestion falsi-suppresio veri – when	
	does silence amounts to fraud? Active- concealment of truth - importance of	
	intention.	
	Mistake - definition - kinds- fundamental error - mistake of law and of fact -	
	their effects - when does a mistake vitiate free consent and when does it not	
	vitiate free consent?	
	Legality of objects:	
	Void agreements - lawful and unlawful considerations, and objects - void,	
	voidable, illegal and unlawful agreements and their effects.	
	Unlawful considerations and objects:	
	Forbidden by law	
	Defeating the provision of any law	
	Fraudulent	
	Injurious to person or property	
	Immoral	
	Against public policy	



Void Agreements:

Agreements without consideration

Agreements in restraint of marriage

Agreements in restraint of trade- its exceptions- sale of

goodwill, section 11 restrictions, under the partnership Act, trade combinations, exclusive dealing agreements, restraints on employees under agreements of service.

Agreements in restraint of legal proceedings- its exceptions.

Uncertain agreements

Wagering agreement - its exception.

Discharge of a contract and its various modes.

By performance- conditions of valid tender of performance- How? By whom? Where? When? In what manner? Performance of reciprocal promises- time as essence of contract.

By breach - anticipatory breach and present breach.

Impossibility of performance- specific grounds of frustration- effect of frustration- frustration and restitution.

By period of limitation

By agreement- rescission and alteration - their effect- remission and waiver of performance - extension of time- accord and satisfaction.

Quasi-contracts or certain relations resembling those created by contract

Remedies in contractual relations

Damages-kinds-remoteness of damages- ascertainment of damages

Injunction- when granted and when refused- Why?

Refund and restitution

Specific performance- When? Why?

Statutory Materials:

- ➤ Indian Contract Act, 1872 (Sections 1 to 75)
- ➤ The Specific Relief Act, 1963.

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

- ➤ Mulla on Indian Contract Act (Student's Edition)
- > Dutt on Contract
- Indian Contract Act and Specific Relief Act
 Law of Contract
 Elements of Mercantile Law
 Mulla & Pollock
 Avtar Singh
 N.D. Kapoor
- ➤ Anson's Law of Contract
- Contract Act
 An Introduction to Law of Contract
 P.R. Desai
 Atiyah
- ➤ Law of Specific Relief Sarkar and Singh
- > (10)Specific Relief Act Subba Rao



Paper Code: Paper - II	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Special Contracts	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Indemnity	
	The concept	
	Need for indemnity to facilitate commercial transactions.	
	Methods of creating indemnity obligations.	
	Definition of Indemnity	
	Nature and extent of liability of the indemnifier	
	Commencement of liability of the indemnifier	
II	Guarantee	
	The concept.	
	Definition of guarantee: as distinguished from indemnity.	
	Basic essentials for a valid guarantee contract.	
	Position of minor and validity of guarantee when minor is the principal debtor,	
	creditor or surety.	
	Continuing guarantee.	
	Nature of surety's liability	
	Duration and termination of such liability	
	Illustrative situations of existence of continuing guarantee.	
	Creation and identification of continuing guarantees.	
	Rights of surety:	
	Discharge of surety's liability	
III	Bailment	
	Identification of bailment contracts in day today life.	
	Manner of creation of such contracts	
	Commercial utility of bailment contracts	
	Definition of bailment	
	Kinds of Bailee	
	Duties of Bailor and Bailee towards each other	
	Rights of Bailor and Bailee	
	Finder of goods as a Bailee.	
IV	Pledge	
	Pledge: comparison with bailment	
	Commercial utility of pledge transactions	
	Definition of pledge under the Indian contract Act	
	Rights of the Pawner and Pawnee.	
V	Agency	
	Identification of different kinds of agency transactions in day to day life in the	
	commercial world	
	Kinds of agents and agencies.	
	Various methods of creation of agency	
	Duties and rights of agent	
	Methods of termination of agency contract	
VI	Sale of Goods	



	Concept of sale as a contract	
	Illustrative instances of sale of goods and the nature of such contracts.	
	Essentials of contract of sale	
	Essential conditions in every contract of sale	
	Implied terms in contract of sale	
	The rule of caveat emptor and the exceptions thereto under Sale of Goods Act.	
	Changing concept of caveat emptor	
	Effect and meaning of implied warranties in a sale	
	Transfer of title and passing of risk	
	Delivery of goods: various rules regarding delivery of goods.	
	Unpaid seller and his rights	
	Remedies for breach of contract	
VII	Partnership	
	Nature of partnership: definition	
	Mutual relationship between partners	
	Registration of Partnership	
	Dissolution of Partnership	

Statutory Materials:

- ➤ Indian Contract Act, 1872
- > The Sale of Goods Act, 1930
- ➤ Indian Partnership Act, 1932

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Contract Act - Mulla

Contract Act
 Contract Act
 Contract Act
 P.R. Desai
 Elements of Mercantile Law
 N.D. Kapoor
 Sale of Goods Act
 Katiyar
 Sale of Goods Act
 Avtar Singh
 Indian Partnership Act
 Avtar Singh

Indian Partnership Act
 (Sale of Goods Act & Partnership Act
 Mukharjee & Dutt
 Pollock & Mulla



Paper Code: Paper - III	
Title Of Paper: Law of Tort Including M V Accidents & Consumer Protection	Total Credit:
Laws	

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
A	Torts:	
	Meaning, Definition & Scope of Torts:	
	Ingredients of Tort - A Wrongful act – Violation of	
	duty imposed by Law, duty which is owed to people	
	generally (in rem) – Damnum sine injuria and injuria	
	sine Damnum – The concept of unliquidated damages	
	Differentiate Tort from Crimes and Breach of	
	Contract	
	Relevance of Malice, Motive and Intention in tort.	
	Capacity of person to sue and be sued	
	Who may sue? – aggrieved individual – class action –	
	social action	
	Who may not be sued?	
	Justification of Tort	
	Act of State – Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity and	
	its relevance in India	
	Judicial and Quassi-Judicial acts	
	Parental and Quassi-parental authority	
	Statutory authority	
	Inevitable accident	
	Private defense	
	Act of Necessity	
	Volenti non fit injuria	
	Plaintiff's own wrong	
	Extinction of Tortious Liability:	
	Actio personalis moritur cum persona - exceptions	
	Accord and Satisfaction	
	Waiver	
	Acquiescence	
	Release	
	Limitation	
	Remedies:	
	Judicial remedies	
	Extra-judicial remedies	
	Vicarious Liability:	
	Basis, Scope and Justification	
	Modes of Vicarious liability	
	Express authorization	
	Ratification	
	Abetment	
	Special Relationship:	



	Master and Servant	
	Owner and Independent Contractor	
	Principal and Agent	
	Guardian and Ward	
	Company and Directors	
	Torts against Persons and personal relations	
	Assault	
	Battery	
	Mayhem	
	False Imprisonment	
	Defamation	
	Libel	
	Slander	
	Privileges	
	Wrongs affecting property	
	Trespass and Trespass ab initio to Land	
	Trespass to movable goods - Conversion	
	Torts against business interest – injurious falsehood, misstatements, passing	
	off	
	Negligence	
	Basic concept and theories of Negligence	
	Doctrine of Contributory negligence	
	Res ipsa loquitor	
	Nuisance	
	Definition, essentials and types	
	Acts constituting nuisance: obstructing highway,	
	Pollution of Water, Noise and interference with Light and Air	
	Absolute / Strict Liability	
	The Rule of Rylands v. Fletcher	
В	Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (Relevant provisions only)	
	No Fault Liability Principle: Sections 140-142	
	Insurance of Motor Vehicles against Third Party Risks: Sections 146, 147,	
	150, 152, 160, 161, 162, 163, 163-A and 163-B	
С	Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (Relevant provisions only)	
	Consumerism in India	
	Rights of consumers	
	Definition of Consumer	
	Who is a Consumer?	
	Who is not a consumer?	
	Consumer of Goods	
	Meaning of defects in goods	
	Standards of purity, quality, quantity and potency	
	Supply and distribution of goods	
	Supply of essential commodities	
	Consumer safety in distribution and handling of	
	unsafe and hazardous products, insecticides and	
	pesticides and other poisonous substances	
	Consumer of Service	
	Meaning of Deficiency	
	Professional services including Medical and Lawyering services	
	Electric, Postal, Telecommunication services	
	Liceate, 1 ostar, 1 ostar interestination services	



Housing services	
Banking services	
Commercial services of Hiring, Financing and Agency	
Enforcement of Consumer rights	

Statutory Materials:

- ➤ The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
- ➤ Consumer Protection Act, 1986

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

➤ Law of Torts - Ratanlal & Dhirajlal

Law of Torts
 Law of Torts
 B.M. Gandhi
 D.D. Basu

> Salmond on Law of Torts

Text book on Law of Torts
 Tort Law
 R.W.M. Dias

➤ Law of Consumer Protection

(Principles and Practice)
 Law of Consumer Protection
 Consumers and the Law
 Commentary on Consumer Protection Act
 Avtar Singh
 D.N. Saraf
 R.M. Vats
 J.N. Barowalia

> A.P. Mathur's Law relating to Motor

Vehicles
 Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
 Eastern Book Company
 Eastern Book Company



Paper Code: Paper - IV	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Law of Crimes Paper - I - Indian Penal Code	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Concept of Crime	
II	Mental elements in crime	
	Intention	
	Motive	
	Mens rea	
	Knowledge	
	Innocence	
	Mistake of fact	
	Mistake of law	
III	General Explanations	
	Man	
	Woman	
	Public servant	
	Movable property	
	Wrongful gain, wrongful loss, gaining wrongfully and losing	
	Wrongfully	
	Dishonestly	
	Fraudulently	
	Property in possession of wife, clerk or servant	
	Counterfeit	
	Document	
	Valuable security	
	Act	
	Omission	
	Voluntarily	
	Injury	
	Good faith	
	Harbor	
IV	Extent of Jurisdiction of the Indian penal code.	
	Air	
	Water	
	Land	
	Person	
* 7	Property	
V	Punishments (s. 53-75)	
	Death	
	Imprisonment	
	Life	
	Simple	
	Rigorous	
	Solitary Forfaiture of property	
	Forfeiture of property	



	Fine	
	Imprisonment in default of fine	
VI	General Exceptions (s. 76-106)	
'-	Private defense (s. 96-106)	
VII	Abetment (s. 107-120)	
VIII	Criminal Conspiracy (s. 120 A – 120 B)	
IX	Offences against State (s. 121 – 130)	
X	Offences against pubic tranquility (s. 141 – 160)	
	Unlawful assembly	
	Rioting	
	affray	
XI	Offences relating to coin and government stamps	
XII	Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and	
	morals (s. 268 – 294 A)	
	Public nuisance	
	Adulteration	
	Negligence	
XIII	Offences relating to Religion (s. 295 – 298)	
XIV	Offences affecting to Human Body (s. 299 – 377)	
	Life	
	Culpable homicide	
	Murder	
	Death by negligence	
	Dowry death	
	Attempt	
	Hurt	
	Simple hurt	
	Grievous hurt	
	Wrongful restraint	
	Wrongful confinement	
	Criminal force and assault	
	Kidnapping and abduction	
	Sexual offences	
	Rape	
	Unnatural offences	
XV	Offences against Property (s. 378 – 462)	
	Theft	
	Extortion	
	Robbery	
	Dacoity	
	Criminal misappropriation of property	
	Criminal breach of trust	
	Cheating Mischief	
	Criminal trespass	
	Criminal trespass Criminal trespass	
	House - trespass	
	Lurking house - trespass	
	House – breaking	
XVI	Offences relating to documents and property marks	
XVII	Offences relating to marriage and cruelty (s. 493 – 498 A)	
4 1 1 1 1 1	Oriences foliating to maintage and effectly (s. 475 - 470 ft)	<u> </u>



XVIII	Defamation (s. 499 – 502)	
XIX	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance (s. 503 – 510)	
XX	Attempts to commit offences (s. 511)	

Statutory Materials:

➤ Indian Penal Code, 1890

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

➤ Indian Penal Code - Ratanlal & Dhirajlal

➤ Indian Penal Code - B.M. Gandhi

➤ Kenny's Outlines of Criminal Law

> Nelson's Indian Penal Code

Law of Crimes
 A Text Book on the Indian Penal Code
 R.C. Nigam
 K.D. Gaur

Criminal LawP.S. Achuthan Pillai



First LL.B (General) Syllabus Semester - II



Paper Code: Paper - V	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Constitutional Law	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Historical perspective	
	Making of Indian Constitution	
	Nature and Special features of the Constitution	
II	Parliamentary Government	
	Westminster Model – Choice of Parliamentary government at the Centre and	
	States	
	President of India	
	Election	
	Qualification and Salary	
	Impeachment	
	Powers – Legislative, Executive and Discretionary	
	Council of Ministers	
	Governor and State government – Constitutional relationship	
	Legislative process	
	Legislative privileges and Fundamental rights	
	Prime Minister	
	Cabinet system	
	Collective responsibility	
	Individual responsibility	
	Coalition government – Anti defection Law	
III	Federalism:	
	Principles – Comparative study	
	Indian federalism – features of federalism	
	Legislative relations	
	Administrative relations	
	Financial relations	
	Governor's role	
	Center's power over the state – Emergency	
IV	Amendment of Constitution	
	Methods of Constitutional amendment	
	Limitation upon constituent power	
	Development of the Basic Structure Doctrine	
	Judicial activism and restraint	
V	Secularism	
	Concept of Secularism- historical perspective	
	Constitutional provisions	
	Freedom of Religion - its scope	
	Religion and the State – its limits	
	Minority rights	
VI	Equality and Social Justice:	
	Equality before the Law and Equal protection of Laws	
	Classification for differential treatment – Constitutional validity	



	Gender Justice	
	Justice to weaker sections of society; Schedule Casts, Schedule Tribes and	
	Other Backward classes	
	Strategies for Ameliorative Justice	
VII	Freedoms and Social Control Units:	
	Speech and Expression	
	Media, Press and Information	
	Freedom of Speech and Contempt of Court	
	Freedom of Assembly	
	Freedom of Association	
	Freedom of Movement	
	Freedom to reside and settle	
	Freedom of Profession/Business	
	Property – from fundamental right to constructional right	
VIII	Personal Liberty	
	Rights of Accused	
	Double jeopardy	
	Self-incrimination – retroactive punishment	
	Right of Life and Personal Liberty - Meaning, Scope and Limitations	
	Preventive Detention – constitutional policy	
IX	Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles:	
	Directive Principles - direction for social change - new social order	
	Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles – inter relationship –	
	Judicial balancing	
	Constitutional amendments to strengthen directive principles	
	Reading directive principles into Fundamental rights	
X	Fundamental Duties	
	The need and status in Constitutional set up	
	Inter-relationship with Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles	
XI	Emergency	
	Meaning and Scope	
	Proclamation of Emergency	
	Conditions	
	Effects of Emergency on Centre-State relations	
7777	Emergency and suspension of Fundamental rights	
XII	Judiciary	
	Judicial process The Supreme Count and its Juris disting	
	The Supreme Court and its Jurisdiction High Court and its Jurisdiction	
	High Court and its Jurisdiction	
i		
VIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language Citizenship	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language Citizenship Election Commission	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language Citizenship Election Commission Special Protection available to the Government Servants	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language Citizenship Election Commission Special Protection available to the Government Servants Special Provisions relating to Jammu & Kashmir	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language Citizenship Election Commission Special Protection available to the Government Servants Special Provisions relating to Jammu & Kashmir Attorney General & Advocate General	
XIII	Concept of Public Interest Litigation\ Miscellaneous Preamble Doctrine of Pleasure Official Language Citizenship Election Commission Special Protection available to the Government Servants Special Provisions relating to Jammu & Kashmir	



Statutory Materials:

> The Constitution of India, 1950

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Introduction to the Constitution of India
 Shorter Constitution of India
 Constitution of India
 Ungadas Basu
 V.N. Shukla
 Indian Constitution
 Tope

Constitutional Law of India
 Constitutional Law of India
 J.N.Pandey



Programme & Subject: First LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - VI	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Property Law	Total Creuit.

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Concept and meaning of Property	
II	Kinds of Property	
	Movable and Immovable Property	
	Tangible and Intangible Property	
	Intellectual Property – Copy right – Patents and designs – trademarks	
	Concept of Common Property	
III	General Principles of Transfer of Property	
IV	Specific Transfers	
V	Sales	
VI	Mortgages	
	Mortgage to Land Mortgage Bank	
	Mortgage to Land Developments Bank - its Powers and functions	
VII	Charges	
VIII	Leases	
IX	Exchange	
X	Gifts	
XI	Actionable Claims	

Statutory Materials:

➤ The Transfer of Property Act, 1882

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

➤ Transfer of Property Act - Mulla

> S. Rao's Transfer of Property

Transfer of Property
 Lectures on Transfer of Property
 S.M. Shah
 Transfer of Property
 V.P. Sarthy
 Transfer of Property Act



Programme & Subject: First LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - VII	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Environmental Law	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction, International development of Environmental Laws	
II	Constitutional perspective of Environmental Law- Articles 21-48-A, 51-A (g),	
	32 and 226	
III	Environment Protection	
	Its concepts	
	Protection	
	Authorities – their Powers and Functions	
IV	Pollution of Air, Water and Noise	
	Its concept	
	Protection	
	Authorities - their Powers and Functions	
V	Hazardous Processes	
VI	Forests and Wide Life Preservation	
	Concepts	
	Protection	
	Authorities – their Powers and Functions	
	Remedies and procedure	
VII	National Environmental Tribunal	
VIII	Life (Protection) Act.	

Statutory Materials:

- ➤ The Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986
- > The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- > The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- ➤ The Forest (Conservation)Act, 1980
- ➤ The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972
- > The National Environmental Tribunal Act, 1995

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Environmental Law - Chaturvedi & Chaturvedi

➤ Environmental Pollution & Protection - Garg & Bansal

➤ Lal's Environmental Law

Environmental Pollution and Law
 Environmental Pollution Law & Policy
 Krishna Aiyar
 Kailash Thakur

➤ Environmental Law & Policy in India - Armin Rusencranz, Shyam

Diwan (Tripathi Publication)

➤ Environment Law - Simon Ball & Stnort Bell

Environmental Law in India
 Environmental Law in India
 Jain & Jain (Indore Law House)
 R. B. Singh & Suresh Misra



Paper Code: Paper - VIII	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Company Law	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Nature of Company	
	Definition and Characteristics of a Company	
	Difference between Company and Partnership	
	Corporation or Body Corporate	
	Theories of Corporate personality	
	Lifting of Corporate Veil	
II	Classification of Companies	
	On the basis of Incorporation	
	On the basis of Liability	
	On the basis of Number of Members	
	On the basis of Control	
	On the basis of Ownership	
III	Formation of Company	
	Incorporation of Company	
	Memorandum of Association	
	Various Clauses	
	Alterations therein	
	Doctrine of Ultra Vires	
	Articles of Association	
	Contents of Articles	
	Alterations therein	
	Doctrine of Constructive Notice and Indoor	
	Management – its exceptions	
	Prospectus	
	Meaning	
	Contents of Prospectus	
	Liability for misstatements	
	Statement in lieu of Prospectus	
	Promoters	
	Position	
** *	Duties and Liabilities	
IV	Membership in a Company	
	Capacity to become a Member of a Company	
	Ways of becoming a Member	
	Cessation of Membership	
V	Rights and Liabilities of Members	
V	Share Capital Kinds of Share Capital	
	Issue of Shares	
	Issue of Share at Premium and Discount	
	General Principles of Allotment of shares Statutory restrictions	
	Statutory restrictions Dematerialized Shares (DEMAT)	
	Share Certificate and Share Warrant	
	Share Certificate and Share Waltain	



	Its objects and effects	
	Transfer of Shares	
	Restrictions on Transfer	
	Procedure of Transfer	
	Refusal of Transfer	
	Shareholders	
	Who can and who cannot be a Shareholder	
	Modes of becoming a Shareholder	
	Calls on shares	
	Forfeiture and Surrender of Shares	
	Lien on Shares	
	Borrowing Powers of a Company	
	Unauthorized borrowings	
	Debentures - Meaning, Kinds of Debentures, Fixed and Floating charges,	
	Remedies of Debenture holders.	
	Alteration and reduction of Share Capital	
VI	Directors	
	Position of a Director	
	Appointment and Qualification	
	Vacation of Office, Removal, Resignation	
	Powers and Duties of Directors	
	Loans and remuneration of director	
	Managing Directors and Other Managerial Personnel	
VII	Meetings	
	Kinds of Meetings, its procedure and Voting	
VIII	Accounts and Auditors	
IX	Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement	
	Principle of Majority rule (Protection of Minority Rights)	
	Who can apply?	
	Powers of Company Law Board, Courts and the Central	
	Government	
X	Winding Up and Liquidation of a Company	
	Modes of Winding up	
	Powers of Court	
	Consequences of winding up	
	Liquidator – Its appointment, Duties and Powers	
	Contributory	
	Liability of past members, Payment of liabilities, Preferential	
	payment, Unclaimed dividends	

Statutory Materials:

➤ The Companies Act, 1956

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

> Indian Company Law Datta

> Guide to the Companies Act, A.Ramaiya Indian Company Law, Avtar Singh ➤ Lectures on Company Law S.M. Shah Companies Act Taxman Corporate Laws Taxman

Palmer on Company LawGhosh's Company Law



Paper Code: Paper - IX	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Banking Law	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
	Banking Law	
I	Nature and Development of Banking including Co-operative Banking	
II	Constitutional Perspective	
	Schedule VII List-I Entry: 36, 37,38,43,44,45,46	
	Schedule VII List-II Entry: 30 of Constitution of India.	
III	Law Relating to Banking Companies in India	
	Banking Regulation, Act.1949	
	Reserve Bank of India, Act, 1934	
	Section 45 only – as amended in 1997	
	Chapter-III-A: Collection and Funding of Credit	
	Information	
	Chapter-III-B: Provisions relating to Non-Banking Institutions receiving	
	deposits	
	Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891	
	Debt Recovery Tribunal Act, 1993	
	Recovery of Debts	
	Procedure	
	Powers & Functions	
	(Only Sections: 2(d) Bank, 2(g) Debt and Chapter III, IV & V)	
	The Banking Ombudsman Settlement of Dispute/Complaints relating to	
	Banking Services	
-	The Negotiable Instruments Act:	T
I	Meaning and Definition of Negotiable Instruments	
	Characteristics of Negotiable Instruments	
	Kinds of Negotiable Instruments	
TT	presumptions as to Negotiable Instrument (Sec. 118 & 119)	
II	Promissory Note, Bills of Exchange & Cheque	
777	Its meaning, characteristics and points of difference between them.	
III	Parties to a Negotiable Instrument	
13.7	Holder and Holder in due course	
IV	Dishonor of a Negotiable Instrument	
	Notice of dishonor	
	Noting and Protesting Penalties in case of dishaper of cortain chaque (New Chapter	
	Penalties in case of dishonor of certain cheque (New Chapter	
V	XVII - Secs.138 & 142)	
v	Banker and Customer Definition of Banker and Customer	
	Rights and obligations of Banker	
	When may a Banker dishonor a customers' Cheque?	
	When must a Banker dishonor a customers' Cheque? When must a Banker dishonor a customers' Cheque?	
	Protection of Paying Banker	
	Protection of Collecting Banker	
	1 Tolection of Confecung Danker	



Statutory Materials:

- Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
- ➤ Banking Regulation Act, 1949
- ➤ Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
- ➤ Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

- ➤ Banking Law and Practice Universal, New Delhi, 1999 T.K. Mukherjee
- > Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India Law house, New Delhi, 2000 M.L. Tannen
- ➤ Banking Law and Practice Sultan Chand & Sons P.N. Varshney
- ➤ The Banking Law in Theory and Practice Universal, New Delhi, 1999 S.N. Gupta
- ➤ Banks & The Consumer Protection Law Universal, New Delhi S.N. Gupta
- ➤ Negotiable Instruments Act,1881 Avtar Singh
- ➤ The Negotiable Instruments Act Bharath Law House, New Delhi, 1997- Bhashyam and Adiga
- ➤ Kherganvala on The Negotiable Instruments Act
- ➤ Buterworth, New Delhi, 1998 M.S. Parthsarathy
- > Sethi's Commentaries on Banking Regulation Act And allied Banking Laws
- Law Publishers, Allahabad, 2000 G.S.N. Tripathi
- Recovery of Dept. due to Bankers and Financial Institutes Act, 1993 Asia Law House Ltd.



Second LL.B (General) Syllabus Semester - I



Paper Code: Paper - I	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Jurisprudence	Total Creuit.

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction	
	Meaning of the term 'jurisprudence'	
	Nature and definition of law.	
II	Schools of Jurisprudence	
	Analytical positivism	
	Natural law	
	Historical school	
	Sociological school	
III	Purpose of Law	
	Justice	
IV	Sources of Law	
	Legislation	
	Precedents: concept of stare decisis	
	Customs	
V	Legal Rights and duty: the Concept	
	Rights and duty: kinds	
	Right duty correlation	
VI	Persons	
	Nature of personality	
	Status of the unborn, minor, lunatic, drunken and dead persons]	
	Corporate personality	
	Dimensions of the modern legal personality: Legal personality of non-human	
	beings	
VII	Possession: the Concept	
	Kinds of possession	
VIII	Ownership: the Concept	
	Kinds of ownership	
	Difference between possession and ownership	
IX	Liability	
	Conditions for imposing liability	
	Wrongful act	
	Damnum sine injuria	
	Causation	
	Mens rea	
	Intention	
	Malice	
	Negligence and recklessness	
	Strict liability	
	Vicarious liability	



Basic Text & Reference Books:-

➤ Jurisprudence and Legal Theory - V. D. Mahajan

➤ Jurisprudence (Legal Theory) - Dr. B. N. Mani. Tripathi

Jurisprudence
 Indian Jurisprudence
 Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
 Jurisprudence and Legal Theory
 Jurisprudence
 Jurisprudence
 Dr.S.R. Mynani

> Jurisprudence - Dias

JurisprudenceNew JurisprudenceB.P.Mukherjee



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - II	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Family Law - I	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Part - I	Un-Codified Hindu Law	
1	Application of Hindu Law: Who are Hindus	
2	Sources of Hindu Law	
3	Schools of Hindu Law, Migration & Change of Religion	
4	Concept of Marriage & divorce	
5	Dowry	
6	Impartible estates	
7	Matrimonial Causes	
8	Gifts	
9	Adoptions & Guardianship	
10	The Mitakshara Joint Family & The Dayabhaga Joint Family	
11	Partition	
12	Succession	
13	Maintenance	
14	Sons pious obligation to pay father's debts	
15	Stridhan (women's property)	
16	Religious and charitable endowments	
17	Damdupat	
18	Benami transactions	
Part - II	Codified Hindu Law	
1	The Hindu Marriage Act- 1955	
2	The Hindu Succession Act- 1956	
3	The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act-1956	
4	The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act- 1956	

Statutory Material:

- ➤ The Hindu Marriage Act- 1955
- ➤ The Hindu Succession Act- 1956
- ➤ The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act-1956
- > The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act- 1956

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Hindu Law
 Hindu Law
 Basant K. Sharma
 Dr. Tahir Mehmood

Hindu Law &Usage
 Introduction of modern Hindu Law
 Hindu Law
 Family Law
 Modern Hindu law
 Hindu Law
 Modern Hindu Law
 Modern Hindu Law
 Modern Hindu Law
 Dr. U.P.D.Kesari



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - III	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: family Law - II	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Part - I	Muslim Law	
1	Who is Muslim: Application of Muslim Law	
2	Origin, development and application of Muslim Law	
3	Interpretation of Muslim Law	
4	Schools of Muslim law	
5	Sources of Muslim Law	
6	Marriage	
7	Mahr (Dower)	
8	Dissolution of Marriage & Matrimonial Reliefs - Divorce	
9	Guardianship & Hizanat	
10	Maintenance	
11	Muslim personal law (Sariat) Application Act- 1937	
12	The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986	
13	Succession-testamentary succession –non-testa mentory succession	
14	Wakfs	
15	Pre-emption	
16	Gift(hiba)	
17	Death-illness(murz-ul-maut)	
Part - II		
1	Indian Succession Act-1925 (Sec-1 to 19, & Sec.57 to 191 only)	
2	Indian Divorce Act-1869	

Statutory Material:

- Muslim personal law (Sariat) Application Act- 1937
- ➤ The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986
- ➤ Indian Succession Act-1925
- ➤ Indian Divorce Act-1869

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Mohmadan lawMulla

Muslims Law - M.A.kureshi

Mohmadan Law
 Muslims Law in Modern India
 Indian Divorce Act
 Indian Succession Act
 Mohammad nazmi
 Dr.Paras Diwan
 Kumud Desai
 Dr.Tahir Mehmood

➤ Indian Succession Act - S.Roy



Paper Code: Paper - IV	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Administrative Law	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Evolution, Nature and Scope of Administrative Law	
	Definition and scope of administrative law	
	Relationship between constitutional law and administrative law	
	Separation of powers	
	Rule of law	
II	Legislative Powers of Administration	
	Necessity for delegation of legislative power	
	Constitutionality of delegated legislation - powers of exclusion and	
	inclusion and power to modify statute	
	Requiremen ts for the validity of delegated legislation	
	Legislative control of delegated legislation	
	Laying procedures and their efficacy	
	Committees on delegated legislation - their constitution, function and	
	effectiveness	
	Hearings before legislative committees	
	Judicial control of delegated legislation	
	Sub-delegation of legislative powers	
III	Judicial Powers of Administration	
	Need for devolution of adjudicatory authority on administration	
	Administrative tribunals and other adjudicating authorities: their ad-hoc	
	character	
	Tribunals - need, nature, constitution, jurisdiction and procedure	
	Jurisdiction of administrative tribunals and other authorities	
	Distinction between quasi-judicial and administrative functions	
	The right to hearing- essentials of hearing process	
	No man shall be judge in his own cause	
	No man shall be condemned unheard	
	Rules of evidence - no evidence, some evidence and substantial evidence	
	rules	
	Reasoned decisions	
	The right to counsel	
	Institutional decisions	
	Administrative appeals	
IV	Judicial Control of Administrative Action	
	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Standing: standing for Public interest litigation (social action litigation)	
	collusion, bias	
	Laches	
	Res judicata	
	Grounds	
	Jurisdictional error/ultra virus	
	Abuse and non exercise of jurisdiction	



	Error apparent on the face of the record	
	Violation of principles of natural justice	
	Violation of public policy	
	Unreasonableness	
	Legitimate expectation	
	Remedies in judicial Review:	
	Statutory appeals	
	Mandamus	
	Certiorari	
	Prohibition	
	Quo-Warranto	
	Habeas Corpus	
	Declaratory judgments and injunctions	
	Specific performance and civil suits for compensation	
V	Administrative Discretion	
	Need for administrative discretion	
	Administrative discretion and rule of law	
	Limitations on exercise of discretion	
	Malafide exercise of discretion	
	Constitutional imperatives and use of discretionary authority	
	Irrelevant considerations	
	Non-exercise of discretionary power	
VI	Liability for Wrongs (Tortious and Contractual)	
	Tortious liability: sovereign and non-sovereign functions	
	Statutory immunity	
	Act of state	
	Contractual liability of government	
VII	Informal Methods of Settlement of Disputes and Grievance Redressal	
	Procedures	
	Ombudsman: Lokpal, Lokayukta	
	Vigilance Commission	
	Congressional and Parliamentary Committees	

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Administrative Law - M. P. Jain & S. N. Jain

Lectures on Administrative
 Administrative Law
 C. K. Talwani
 C. K. Thakkar

➤ Administrative Law
 ➤ Administrative Law
 ➤ Administrative Law
 ➤ Administrative Law
 - K.Rai

Administrative Law
 Administrative Law
 Devendra Sing
 I.P.Massai



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - V	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Labour & Industrial Law	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
	The Industrial Dispute Act-1947	
	The Trade Union Act-1926	
	The Workman Compensation Act-1923	
	The Factories Act-1948	

Statutory Material:

- ➤ The Industrial Dispute Act-1947
- ➤ The Trade Union Act-1926
- ➤ The Workman Compensation Act-1923
- ➤ The Factories Act-1948

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

\triangleright	Labour law	-	S.K.Malik
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	Dr. S.K.Puri
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	K.M.Pallai
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	S.K.Mishra
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	Minu Paul
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	P.L.Malik
\triangleright	Labour laws	-	Chaturvedi S.M
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	Goswami V.G
\triangleright	Labour and Industrial laws	-	S.K.Puri
	Labour and Industrial laws	-	G.M.Kothari



Second LL.B (General) Syllabus Semester - II



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - VI	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Human Rights & Practice	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	history, Introduction, Concept, importance and nature of Human Rights	
II	Classification and theories of Human Rights	
III	Human Rights of vulnerable group	
	Rights of Accused, Prison & Human Rights	
	Women & Human Rights	
	Children & Human Rights	
	Disabled person & Human Rights	
	Tribal or Indigenous person & Human Rights	
	Older person & Human	
	Rights of minorities –National, Ethnic, Religious, or linguistic	
IV	Universal Declaration - International instruments on Human Rights	
	Civil	
	Political	
	Economical	
V	India & International Covenants	
VI	Indian constitution & Human Rights	
VII	Uno & Human Rights	
VIII	Human Rights Commissions In India	
IX	The protection of Human Rights Act-1993	

Statutory Material:

➤ The protection of Human Rights Act-1993

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Human Right
 Human Right
 Human Right
 Human Right
 Human Right
 Human Right
 A.N.Shen

Human Right Human Right in India
 Dr. Umeshchandra
 Destha and Singh

Human Right & The Law
 Paras Diwan - Peeyusi Diwan

➤ Human Right & Social Justice - Goklesh Sharma



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - VII	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Interpretation of Statues	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Principles of Legislations	
	Law-making- The Legislature, The Executive and	
	Judiciary	
	Principles of utility	
	Distinction between morals and legislation	
II	Interpretation of Statutes	
	Meaning of the term. Statutes and its kinds	
	Commencement. Operation and repeal of Statutes	
	Purpose of Interpretation of Statutes	
	Intention of Legislature	
III	Aids to Interpretation	
	Internal Aids	
	External aids	
IV	Rules of statutory Interpretation	
	Primary rules	
	Secondary rule	
V	Presumptions in Statutory Interpretation	
VI	Maxims of Statutory Interpretation	
VII	Interpretation with reference to subject matter and purpose	
VIII	Principles of Constitutional interpretation	

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

> Interpretation of Statutes V P'Saiachi > Interpretation of Statutes MP Tandoon > Introduction to Justice Upendra Baxi, > Interpretation of Statutes Bawa and Roy > Interpretation of Statutes K.P Chakrabarti > Interpretation of Statutes S.M.Chaturvedi > Principles of Statutory Interpretation **GP Singh** > Principles of Interpretation Tandon



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper (Total Cuadita	
Title Of	Total Credit:	
Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Historical and Theoretical Foundations of International Law	
II	Definition, Scope and Origin of International Law-Public International Law	
	and Private International Law-True Character of International Law. Theories	
	as to the basis of International Law	
III	Inter Sources of national Law and State Practices	
IV	"Customs" International Treaties and Conventions. General. Principles of Law	
	Recognized by the Rations, Judicial Decisions, Works of Jurists (Text Writers	
	and Publicists Works), Resolutions of General Assembly and other	
	International Institutions. Other Sources:-International Comity, International	
	State Papers other than Treaties, State Instructions for guiding their own	
	offices, Place of reason in the modern system.	
V	Theories and State Practices, Indian Practice and Provisions of the Indian	
	Constitution relating to Incorporation of International Law into Municipal	
	Law. Role of Indian Judiciary in interpreting and applying norms of	
	International Law where Municipal Law is silent	
	State in General: Relationship Between International Law and Municipal Law	
	State as a Subject of International Law,	
X 7T	Criteria of Statehood, Classification of States and Non-State Entities.	
VI	Recognition of State	
	Definition Theories and Forms of Recognition, Effects of Recognition and	
	Non-Recognition Doctrines of Recognition (Stimson, Hellestien,	
	Estrada. Tobar and Lauterpacht Doctrines), Methods of Recognition- Defacto and Dejure Recognition. Recognition of Government. Recognition of	
	Absentee Government, Recognition of Government in Exile and Recognition	
	of Belligerency and Insurgency. Indian Practice on Recognition.	
VII	Jurisdiction of State	
VIII	Territorial and Exterritorial Jurisdiction, Exemptions and Immunity from	
, , , , , ,	Slate Jurisdiction, Nationality, Asylum and Extradition.	
IX	The United Nations Organization:	
	League of Nations. Origin, Purpose, Principles and Membership of UNO. The	
	General Assembly, Security Council and Secretariats - Composition,	
	Jurisdiction and Powers. The International Court of Justice, Composition,	
	Jurisdiction, Contribution to International law	

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

V P'Saiachi > Interpretation of Statutes > Interpretation of Statutes MP Tandoon > Introduction to Justice Upendra Baxi, > Interpretation of Statutes Bawa and Roy > Interpretation of Statutes K.P Chakrabarti > Interpretation of Statutes S.M.Chaturvedi > Principles of Statutory Interpretation GP Singh > Principles of Interpretation Tandon



Programme & Subject: Second LL.B (General) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2009

Paper Code: Paper - IX	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Principles of Taxation Law	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	General Perspective	
	History of tax law in India	
	Fundamental principles relating to tax laws	
	Governmental financial policy, tax structure and their role in the national	
	economy.	
	Concept of tax:	
	Nature and characteristics of taxes	
	Distinction between:	
	Tax and fee	
	Tax and cess	
	Direct and indirect taxes	
	Tax evasion and tax avoidance	
	Scope of taxing powers of Parliament, state Legislature and local bodies.	
II	Income Tax	
	Basic Concepts:	
	Income	
	Total income	
	Income not included in total income	
	Deemed income	
	Clubbing of income	
	Assesses	
	Person	
	Tax Planning	
	Chargeable income	
	Heads of income	
	Salaries	
	Income from house property	
	Income from business or profession Capital gains	
	Income from other sources	
	Deductions, relief and exemptions	
	Rate of income tax	
	Income Tax Authorities:	
	Power and functions	
	Offences and penal sanctions:	
	Settlement of grievances:	
	Authorities, powers and functions	
	1 tuniornies, powers and functions	1

Statutory Material:

➤ The Income Tax Act, 1961



Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Law of Taxation
 Taxation Laws
 Dr. Mynani
 K.Rai

➤ Law of income tax - V.K.Sushakumari

➤ Income Tax Law - Dutta

Income Tax Act
 Law of Income Tax
 Kailash Rai



LL.B (Special) Syllabus



- **R.L.17.** Candidates for the Degree of Bachelor of Laws LL.B. (Special) must have passed Examination for LL.B. (General) Degree of this University or an Examination of any other University recognized as equivalent thereto.
- **R.L.18.** The LL.B.(Special) Examination will be conducted under the Semester system. For this purpose, the academic year will be divided into Two Semesters.
- **R.L.19.** No candidate will be admitted to any Semester Examination in Law unless it is certified by the Principal of his/her college:
 - > that he/she has attended courses of study to the satisfaction of the Principal at a college recognized for teaching course of study in Law by this University, and
 - ➤ that he/she has obtained not less than 30% marks in the aggregate of all the papers in the Internal Test conducted by the college.
- **R.L.20.** Candidates desirous of appearing at any Semester Examination leading to the LL.B. (Special) Degree must forward their application in the prescribed form to the Registrar through the Principal of the college on or before the date prescribed for the purpose under the relevant Ordinance/s.
- **R.L.21.** No candidate will be allowed to reappear at any Semester Examination in which he has already passed.
- **R.L.22.** No candidate will be declared successful at LL.B. (Special) Degree Examination unless he passes in all the papers prescribed for the First and Second Semester Examinations, and papers for practical training.
- **R.L.23.** For the purpose of deciding final University result at any of the Semester Examinations of LL.B.(Special) Degree, the ratio between Internal and External assessment shall be 30:70 respectively for the paper no. 1, 2, 3, 4,5 & 6, and 50:50 respectively for the practical paper no. 7, 8, 9 & 10. For the purpose of Internal Assessment, the college concerned will conduct at least one Test in each Semester. The college may also arrange Quizzes, Term papers, Assignments, etc.
- **R.L.24.** (i) A candidate who has failed to appear at or pass the First Semester Examination of the LL.B. (Special) will be permitted to keep term for the Second Semester.
- (ii) A candidate who has failed to appear at or pass the First Semester Examination will be required to appear simultaneously in the paper/s in which he did not appear or failed at the First Semester Examination along with the papers of the Second Semester Examination.
- **R.L.25.** The University will held Examination for all the papers prescribed for the LL.B.(Special) course Twice a year i.e. October/November and March/April.
- **R.L.26.** The scheme of Examination for the LL.B. (Special) Degree course will be as under:



					Contact Hrs/Week	Exam	Component of Marks		
Course Type	Course Code	Name Of Course	Theory/Practical	Credit		Duration in hrs	Internal Total/ Passing	External Total/ Passing	Total Total/ Passing
		Semester - I							
	Paper - I	Law of Crimes Paper-II: Criminal Procedure Code				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - II	Law of Evidence				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - III	Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - IV	Public Interest Lawyering, Legal Aid and Para-legal Services				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - V	Intellectual Property Law				3 hrs.	70	30	100
		Semester - II							
	Paper - V	Legal Language/Legal Writing including General English				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - VI	Practical Paper-I: Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - VII	Practical Paper-II: Moot Court Exercise and Internship				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - VIII	Practical Paper-III: Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting System				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - IX	Practical Paper-IV: Alternate Dispute Resolution				3 hrs.	70	30	100
	Paper - X	Legal Language/Legal Writing including General English							



R.L.27. Standard of Passing:

- (A) To Pass any Semester Examination for the Degree of LL.B. (Special), a candidate must obtain-
 - At least 40% marks in each paper at the University Examination as well as in the total of University Examination and Internal
 - > Assessment added together; and
 - > 50% of the total marks obtainable in the aggregate of all the papers.

(B) Award of Classes:-

The successful candidate who passes in all the papers at one sitting and obtain not less than 50% of the total marks obtainable will be placed in the **Second Class**.

The successful candidate who passes in all the papers at one sitting and obtains:

- At least 55% of the marks in the aggregate of all subjects separately in the Internal Assessments and the University Examination, and
- ➤ Not less than 60% of the total marks in the aggregate of all the subjects will be placed in the **First** Class.
- > The successful candidate who passes in all the papers at one sitting and obtains:
- At least 60% of the marks in the aggregate of all the subjects separately in the Internal Assessments and the University Examination, and
- Not less than 70% of the total marks in aggregate of all the subjects will be declared to have passed the Examination in First Class with Distinction.
- **Notes:** (1) For Awarding University Gold Medal/s, performance of candidates in paper no. 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 of the First Semester Examination and paper no. 6 of the Second Semester Examination shall only be considered.
- (2) Candidate passing any semester Examination in compartments will not be eligible for award of a Class.

R.L.28. Exemption:

A candidate who has failed in any Semester Examination but has secured at least 50% of the total marks in a paper/s may, at his option, be exempted from appearing again in that paper/s at a subsequent Semester Examination/s and will be declared to have passed the Semester Examination when he/she has passed in all the remaining paper/s in accordance with the provisions of Regulation L.27.

R.L.29. The following are the syllabus for the various subjects to be studied at the LL.B. (SPECIAL) Course:



LL.B (Special) Syllabus Semester - I



Paper Code: Paper - I	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Law of Crimes Paper-II: Criminal Procedure Code	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)		
I	Introductory			
	The rationale of criminal procedure: the importance of fair trial.			
	The organization of police, prosecutor, defense counsel and prison			
	authorities and their duties, functions and powers.			
II	Pre-trial process: arrest			
	The distinction between cognizable and non-cognizable offences: relevance			
	and adequacy problems.			
	Steps to ensure accused's presence at trial: warrant and summons.			
	Arrest with and without warrant (Section 70-72 and 31).			
	The absconder status (Section 82, 82, 83 and 84)			
	Right of the arrested person			
	Right to know grounds of arrest (Section 40(1), 44, 74).			
	Right to be taken to magistrate without delay (Section 46, 47).			
	Right of not being detained for more than twenty-four hours (section 47)			
	Article 22(2) of the Constitution of India.			
	Right to consult legal practitioner, legal aid and the right to be told of rights			
TTT	to bail Right to be examined by a medical practitioner (Section 43).			
III	Pre-trial process: Search and Seizure			
	Search warrant (Section 82, 53, 57, 58) and searches without			
	warrant(Section 62) Police search during investigation (Section 104, 106, 142)			
	General principles of search (section 60)			
	Seizure (Section 62)			
	Constitutional aspects of validity of search and seizure proceedings			
IV	Pre-trial Process: FIR			
	F.I.R. (section 143)			
	Evidentiary value of F.I.R. (See Sections 94 and 147 of Evidence Act)			
V	Pre-trial Process: Magisterial Powers to Take Cognizance			
VI	Trial Process			
	Commencement of proceedings: (Section 200, 201, 202)			
	Dismissal of complaints (Section 202, 203)			
	Bailable and Non-Bailable offences (Section 326, 327, 325)			
	Cancellation of bail (Section 327 (4))			
	Anticipatory bail (Section 328)			
	Appellate bail powers (Section 285(1), 254 (1), 327(4))			
	General principles concerning bond (Sections 331-340)			
	Bail: concept, purpose: constitutional overtones			
VII	Fair Trial			
	Conception of fair trial			
	Presumption of innocence.			
	Venue of trial.			
	Right of the accused to know the accusation (Section 210-223)			



	The right must generally be held in the accused's presence (Section 210-223)
	Right of cross -examination and offering evidence in defence: the accuser's
	Statement
	Right to speedy trial
VIII	Charge
, 111	Framing of charge
	Form and content of charge (Section 27, 28, 101)
	Separate charges for distinct offence (Section 108, 105, 220,210,222)
	Discharge - pre-charge evidence
IX	Preliminary pleas to bar the trial
	Jurisdiction (Section 26, 177-188, 361,362,375)
	Time limitations: rationale and scope (section 368-372)
	Pleas of autrefois acquit and autrefois convict (Section 200, 22D)
	Issue-Estoppels
	Compounding of offences
X	Trial before a Court of Sessions: Procedural Steps and Substantive Rights
XI	Judgment
	Form and content (Section 243)
	Summary trial
	Post-conviction orders in lieu of punishment: emerging penal policy
	(Section 260,261, 10)
	Compensation and cost (Section 247, 248)
	Modes of providing judgment (Section 242, 262, 262)
XII	Appeal, Review, Revision
	No appeal in certain cases (Section 272, 274, 276)
	The rationale of appeals, review, revision.
	The multiple ranges of appellate remedies:
	Supreme Court of India (Sections 273, 275, Articles 10, 82,83,86)
	High Court (Section 273)
	Sessions court (Section 273)
	Special right to appeal (Section 280)
	Governmental appeal against sentencing (Section 277, 278)
	Judicial power in disposal of appeals (Section 268)
	Legal aid in appeals.
	Provisional jurisdiction (Sections 257-304)
VIII	Transfer of cases (Section 306, 307)
XIII	Juvenile delinquency- juvenile justice act
	Nature and magnitude of the problem causes Juvenile court system
	Treatment and rehabilitation of juveniles
	Juveniles and adult crime
	Legislative and judicial protection of juvenile offender
	Juvenile Justice Act 1588
XIV	Probation- Probation of offenders act
ATV	Probation of offender's law
	The judicial attitude
	Mechanism of probation: standards of probation services.
	Problems and prospects of probation
	Trotoms and prospects of production



Statutory Material:

- ➤ Criminal Procedure Code-1973
- ➤ Juvenile Justice(Care & Protection of Children) Act-2000
- > Probation of Offenders Act, 1958

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

➤ The Code of Criminal Procedure - Ratanlal & Dhirajlal

Criminal Procedure Code
 Probation of Offenders Act,
 D. D. Basu
 K. L. Sethi

Juvenile Justice Act
 N. K. Chakrabarati

Criminal Procedure Code
 S.N.Mishra



Paper Code: Paper - II	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Law of Evidence	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction	
II	Central Conceptions in Law of Evidence Facts: section 2 definition: distinction -relevant facts/facts in issue Evidence: oral and documentary. Circumstantial evidence and direct evidence Presumption (Section 3) "Proving", "not providing" and "disproving" Witness	
III	Facts: relevancy The Doctrine of res gestae Evidence of common intention (Section 3) The problems of relevancy of "Otherwise" irrelevant facts (Section 3) Relevant facts for proof of custom (Section 3) Facts concerning bodies & mental state (Section 30, 33)	
IV	Admissions and confessions General principles concerning admission (Section 44, 44) Differences between "admission" and "confession" The problems of non-admissibility of confessions caused by "any inducement, Threat or promise' (Section 44) Inadmissibility of confession made before a police officer (Section 44) Admissibility of custodial confessions (Section 44) Admissibility of "information" received from accused person in custody; with Special reference to the problem of discovery based on "joint statement" (Section 44) Confession by co-accused (Section 40)	
V	Dying Declarations The justification for relevance on dying declarations (Section 55) The judicial standards for appreciation of evidentiary value of dying declarations	
VI	Other Statements by Persons who cannot be called as Witnesses General principles. Special problems concerning violation of women's rights in marriage in the law Of evidence	
VII	Relevance of Judgments General principles Admissibility of judgments in civil and criminal matters (Section 66) "Fraud" and "Collusion" (Section 66	
VIII	Expert Testimony General principles Who is an expert? : types of expert evidence Opinion on relationship especially proof of marriage (Section 60) The problems of judicial defence to expert testimony.	



IX	Oral and Documentary Evidence
	General principles concerning oral evidence (Sections 66-60)
	General principles concerning Documentary Evidence (Sections 66-60)
	General Principles Regarding Exclusion of Oral by Documentary Evidence
	Special problems: re-hearing evidence
	Issue Estoppel
	Tenancy Estoppel (Section 66)
X	Witnesses, Examination and Cross Examination
	Competency to testify (Section 66)
	State privilege (Section 66)
	Professional privilege (Section 66, 66, 66)
	Approval testimony (Section 66)
	General principles of examination and cross examination (Section 66-666)
	Leading questions (Section 606-606)
	Lawful questions in cross-examination (Section 606)
	Compulsion to answer questions put to witness
	Hostile witness (Section 666)
	Impeaching of the standing or credit of witness (Section 666)
XI	Burden of Proof
	The general conception of onus probandi (Section 66)
	General and special exceptions to onus probandi
	The justification of presumption and of the doctrine of judicial notice
	Justification as to presumptions as to certain offences (Section 66A)
	Presumption as to dowry death (Section 66-B)
	The scope of the doctrine of judicial notice (Section 66)
XII	Estoppel
	Why Estoppel? The rationale (Section 66)
	Estoppel, res judicata, waiver, and presumption
	Estoppel by deed
	Estoppel by conduct
	Equitable and promissory Estoppel

Statutory Material:

➤ The Indian Evidence Act-1872

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

The Evidence Act
 Principal of Evidence Act
 Law of Evidence
 Evidence Act
 Evidence Act
 Law of Evidence
 Law of Evidence
 Vepa P. Sarathi
 Law of Evidence
 M.V.Chaturvedi



Paper Code: Paper - III	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction	
	Concepts	
	Affidavit, order, judgment, decree, plaint, restitution, execution, decree-	
	holder, Judgment-debtor, mesne profits, written statement.	
	Distinction between decree and judgment and between decree and order.	
II	Jurisdiction	
	Kinds Hierarchy of courts	
	Suit of civil nature - scope and limits	
	Res sub-judice and Res Judicata	
	Foreign judgment - enforcement	
	Place of suing	
	Institution of suit	
	Parties to suit: joinder, mis-joinder or non-joinder of parties: representative	
	suit.	
	Frame of suit: cause of action	
	Alternative disputes resolution (ADR)	
	Summons	
III	Pleadings	
	Rules of pleading, signing and verification.	
	Alternative pleadings	
	Construction of pleadings	
	Plaint: particulars	
	Admission, return and rejection	
	Written statement: particulars, rules of evidence	
	Set off and counter claim: distinction	
	Discovery, inspection and production of documents.	
	Interrogatories	
	Privileged documents	
	Affidavits	
IV	Appearance, examination and trial	
	Appearance	
	Ex-parte procedure	
	Summary and attendance of witnesses	
	Trial	
	Adjournments	
	Interim orders: commission, arrest or attachment before judgment,	
	injunction and appointment of receiver	
	Interests and costs	
V	Execution	
	The concept	
	General principles	
	Power for execution of decrees	



	Procedure for execution (ss. 22-22)
	Enforcement, arrest and detection (ss. 22-22)
	Attachment (ss. 20-22)
	Sale (ss.22-22)
	Delivery of property Stew of avacution
X / T	Stay of execution
VI	Suits in particular cases
	By or against government (ss.22-22)
	By aliens and by or against foreign rulers or ambassadors (ss.22-22A)
	Public nuisance (ss.22-22)
	Suits by or against firm
	Suits in forma paupers
VII	Appeals
	Appeals from original decree
	Appeals from appellate decree
	Appeals from orders
	General provisions relating to appeal
	Appeal to the Supreme Court
VIII	Review, reference and revision
IX	Miscellaneous
	Transfer of cases
	Restitution
	Caveat
	Inherent powers of courts
X	Law of Limitation

Statutory Material:

- ➤ The Indian Civil Procedure Code-1908
- ➤ The Indian Limitation Act-1908

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Civil Procedure Code
 Civil Procedure Code
 Sarkar

Civil Procedure Code
 Civil Procedure Code
 Civil Procedure Code
 Civil Procedure Code
 T.P. Tripathi

➤ Civil Procedure Code - Rao

➤ Law of limitation - B. B. Mitra

➤ Law of Limitation - Desai

Law of Limitation
 Law of Limitation
 D.N.R.Pandey
 K.K. Shrivastava



Programme & Subject: LL.B (Special) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2011

Paper Code: Paper - IV	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Public Interest Lawering, Legal Aid & Para-Legal Services	Total Credit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)		
I	Public Interest Litigation			
	Public interest litigation in judicial activism and public welfare			
	Merits and demerits of public interest litigation			
	Locas standi and public interest litigation			
	Human right and public interest litigation			
	Prison and Prisoners and public interest litigation			
	Police and public interest litigation			
	Environmental protection and public interest litigation			
	labour and public interest litigation			
	legal system and public interest litigation			
	Education and public interest litigation			
	Politics and public interest litigation			
	Poverty and public interest litigation			
II	Legal aid			
	legal aid under Criminal Procedure. Code and rights of accused			
	Constitution, functions and powers of National Legal Service Authority			
	and State Legal Service Authority			
III	Lok-adalat			
	Lok-adalat system means justice of the door steps of people.			
	Organization of lok-adalat, its power and nature of its award			
	Objects and necessity of Legal aid camps and legal literacy			
IV	Para legal training			
	Object and importance of para legal training			
	Writing of case comment			
	Law office management			
	Use of computer in legal work and legal research in support of P.I.L.			

Statutory Material:

➤ Legal Service Authorities Act, 1987

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Public interest litigation
 Public interest litigation
 Public Interest Lawyering, Legal, Aid & Para Legal Service
 Public Interest Lawyering, Legal, Aid & Para Legal Service
 Public interest Lawyering, Legal, Aid & Para Legal Service
 Public interest litigation
 Public interest litigation
 Public interest litigation
 J.P.S.Shirohi
 Public interest litigation
 S.Bawa



Programme & Subject: LL.B (Special) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2011

Paper Code: Paper - V	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Intellectual Property Law	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	The Copyright Act-1957	
II	The Patents act-1970	
III	The Trade mark act-1999	

Statutory Material:

- ➤ The Copyright Act-1957
- ➤ The Patents act-1970
- ➤ The Trade mark act-1999

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Intellectual property rights laws
 Intellectual property law
 S.R. Myneni



LL.B (Special) Syllabus Semester - II



Programme & Subject: LL.B (Special) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2011

Paper Code: Paper - VI	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Legal Language/Legal Writing Including General English	Total Creuit.

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Legal Essay	
II	Précis writing	
III	Translation of Paragraph in Gujarati or Hindi	
IV	Legal Terminology & Latin expressions	
V	Legal Maxims	

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Legal Language & Legal Writing	-	Dr.Shrikant Mishra
Legal Language &Legal Writing	-	M.P.Tandon
Legal Language &Legal Writing	-	Dr Rega Suryarao
Legal Language &Legal Writing	-	Aniruddh Prasad
Legal Language &Legal Writing	-	SCTripathi
Legal Language &Legal Writing	-	R.LJain
Legal Language &Legal Writing	-	S.KMishra



Paper Code: Paper - VII	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Drafting, Pleading & Conveyance	Total Creuit.

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
	Suits –petition-written statement and complaint.	
	Civil Matters	
	Suits for specific performance of contract	
	Declaratory suits	
	Suits for defamation	
	Suit relating to easement or its violation	
	Suit for rent and possession	
	Suit for breach of contract	
	Money suit	
	M.A.C.T. injunction application	
	Suit for restraining nuisance and damage	
	Suit for partition	
	Suit for dissolution of partnership and account	
	Petition for restitution of conjugal right	
	Petition for judicial separation or divorce	
	Appeals	
	Writs under art-226and 32 of constitution	
	Criminal Matters	
	complaint for defamation for false imprisonment and illegal confinement	
	Malicious prosecution	
	Maintenance application u/s 125 of Criminal Procedure Code	
	Nuisance	
	Theft,	
	Rape	
	Cheating	
	Kidnapping	
	Dishonor of cheque	
	Assault and battery	
	Rioting	
	Bail application	
	Memorandum of appeals	
	Revision and review application	
	Writs under art-226and 32 of constitution	
	Convincing	
	Acknowledgement	
	Power of attorney-general and special	
	Bond	
	Deed of exchange	
	Gift deed	
	Lease deed	
	Mortgage deed	
	Sale deed	



Partition deed	
Trust deed	
Drafting of will	
Promissory note	
Affidavit	

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Pleading and Conveyancing
 Pleading and Conveyancing
 Pleading and Conveyancing
 Pleading and Conveyancing
 Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing
 Drafting, Pleading, and Conveyancing
 S.R.Myneni

> Drafting, Pleading, and Conveyancing - N.Maheshwraswami



Paper Code: Paper - VIII	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Moot Court Exercise & Internship	Total Credit:

Unit Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Civil matters	
Money suit	
Suit for rent and possession	
Suit for redemption or mortgage of property	
Suit for foreclosure or sale	
Suits for specific performance of contract	
Declaratory suits	
Suits for damages of defamation	
Petition for alimony under the Hindu Marriage Act	
Suit relating to easement or its violation	
Suit for breach of contract	
M.A.C.T. injunction application	
Suit for partition	
Suit for dissolution of partnership and account	
Petition for restitution of conjugal right	
Application for compensation under W.C. Act, M.A.C.T. Appeals write	:
petition	
Prepare plaint, written statement and argument on behalf of plaintiff or	,
defendant	
Criminal matters	
Maintenance application u/s 125 of Cr.p,Code	
Nuisance	
Theft Robbery and Dacoity	
Cheating	
Kidnapping	
Dishonor of cheque	
Assault and battery	
Bail application	
Memorandum of appeals	
Revision and review application	
Murder	
False imprisonment and illegal; confinement	
Prepare complaint with chief of cross examination of witnesses and	
argument for complaint of accused	
Observation of trial in one civil and one criminal case on the following	,
matters	
Prepared of board for arranging the matters	
Stages of suit or complaint in proceedings	
Examination in chief cross and re-examination of the parties and witnesses,	
arguments and judgment and other observation if any.	
Interviewing techniques and pre-trial preparation	,
Observation about conversation between the lawyer and client i.e. types of	
questions by the lawyers to client .Documentary evidence if any and other	
paper procedure for filling suit or petitions.	Daga 60 of 62



Programme & Subject: LL.B (Special) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2011

Paper Code: Paper - IX	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting System	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
	Professional ethics	
	Meaning, importance and sources of professional ethics	
	Principles of professional ethics	
	Various acts of professional misconduct including case law	
	Equipments of lawyer	
	Duties, rights and Privileges of an advocate	
	Advocates Act	
	Reasons and objects of the advocate act	
	Constitutions, functions and power of the bar council of state or bar council	
	of India	
	Disqualification for enrolment	
	Rights and privileges of an advocate	
	Appeal to the bar council of India and to supreme court	
	Contempt of court	
	Meaning of contempt of court, its aim and types of it	
	Contempt by lawyers	
	Contempt by judges	
	Contempt by state	
	Contempt by corporate bodies	
	Defence available in contempt proceedings	

Statutory Material:

- ➤ The Advocates Act, 1961
- ➤ The Contempt of Courts Act, 1971

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

Professional Ethics, Lawyer, Accountability
 Professional Ethics, Lawyer, Accountability
 Advocates Act & Professional Ethics
 Professional Ethics, Accountancy for lawyer
 Professional Ethics of The Bar
 J. P. S. Shirohi
 S.R.Myneni
 N.Dutt - Majmudar
 S.P.Gupta
 C.L.Anand



Programme & Subject: LL.B (Special) Syllabus with Effect from: June - 2011

Paper Code: Paper - X	Total Credit:
Title Of Paper: Alternate Dispute Resolution	Total Creuit:

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Part - I	Arbitration	
	Historical evolution of arbitration law	
	General provision	
	Arbitration agreement	
	Arbitral tribunal	
	Arbitral Proceeding – Arbitral award	
	Appeal-miscellaneous	
Part - II	Enforcement of certain foreign award	
	New York convention award	
	Geneva convention award	
Part - III	Conciliation	
Part - IV	Alternative dispute resolution	
	Supplementary Provision	
Part - V	Lok Adalat	
	Organization of Lok Adalat	
	Cognizance of case by Lok Adalat	
	Award of Lok Adalat	
	Power of Lok Adalat	

Statutory Material:

> The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

7	>	Arbitration and ADR	-N.K.Acharya
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-S.C.Tripathi
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-N.V.Paranjampe
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-S.S. Mishra
>	>	Law of Arbitration and Conciliation	-Avatar Singh
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-S.P.Gupta
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-O.P.Tivari
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-Geeta Oberoi
>	>	Arbitration and Conciliation Act	-S. Bawa

