SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

Programme & Subject: B.Sc (Bio Chemistry)

Semester: VI

Syllabus with Effect from: November-2013

Paper Code: US06CBCH04	Total Credits 2
Title Of Paper: Clinical Biochemistry.	Total Credit: 3

Unit	Description in detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Clinical biochemistry- definition, major causes of disease	
	Correlation of biochemical pathways with diseases development with	
	appropriate example.	
	Blood: general composition- physical characteristics, functions,	25%
	Functions of RBC, WBC, platelets, blood fluid- composition and functions of	
	C.S.F and lymph.	
	Composition of urine - normal and abnormal.	
II	Plasma Proteins- Biochemical Importance.	
	General Characteristics of Plasma Proteins Function of Plasma Proteins.	
	Chemistry, clinical significance and importance of Albumin, HaptoGlobin, α	
	AT ₁ , Transferrin, Cerulloplasmin.	25%
	Lipoproteins (different types, their role, factor affecting LDL and HDL	
	concentration in blood.).	
	Lipid profile.	
III	Organs Functions Tests:	
	Liver Functions Tests (Serum Bilirubin, V.D. Bergh, Urine bilirubin, Total	
	plasma protein Total albumin A: G ratio, Serum Cholesterol), Jaundice-(types,	
	causes and symptoms).	25%
	Kidney Functions Tests, (Tests based on Glomerular filtration – Urea clearance	25 / 0
	Test Endogenous Creatinine clearance test, Inulin clearance test. Tests based on	
	tubular function- Concentration test, Dilution test.), Nephritis-(types, causes	
	and symptoms).	
IV	Haemostasis - vascular system, platelets plugs, formation of blood clotting,	
	Role of Blood Platelets, biochemical reaction in the clotting process.	
	Fibrinolytic systems.	
	Haemoglobin- chemistry and structure of haemoglobin.	25%
	Definition and types of anemia.	
	Normal types and properties of haemoglobin.	
	Life cycle of RBCs.	

Basic Text & Reference Books:

- ➤ Harper's illustrated Biochemistry Robrert. K. Murray.
- > Human Biochemistry James. M. Orten & Otto. W. Neuhaus.
- > Biochemistry by clinical correlation by Devlin.

