### Second B.O.Th. Year

## **B.O.Th.: 202 PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY**

Total hours: 100(50 Pathology + 50 Microbiology)

Theory Examination: Uni. external exam 70 + internal assessment 30 = 100

Course Objectives- At the end of the course, the student will be able to-

- 1)- Acquire the knowledge of concepts of cell injury & changes produced thereby in different tissues & organs-: capacity of the body in healing process
- 2)- Recall the Etio pathogenesis, the pathological effects & the clinico pathological correlation of common infections & non-infectious diseases.
- 3)- Acquire the knowledge of concepts of neoplasia with reference to the Etiology, gross & microscopic features, diagnosis, & prognosis in different tissues, & organs of the body.
- 4)- Correlate normal & altered morphology of different organ systems in different diseases needed for understanding disease process & their clinical significance (with special emphasis to neuro-musculo-skeletal & cardio-respiratory systems)
- 5)- Acquire knowledge of common immunological disorders & their resultant effects on the human body.
- 6)- Understand in brief about the Hematological diseases & investigations necessary to diagnose them & determine their prognosis.

#### **SYLLABUS**

- 1)-a)- General Pathology- Cell injury-causes, mechanism & toxic injuries with special reference to Physical, Chemical, & ionizing radiation
  - b)- Reversible injury (degeneration)- types-morphology,- swelling, hyaline, fatty changes, -
  - c)- Intra-cellular accumulation-hyaline mucin,
  - d)- Irreversible cell injury-types of necrosis- apoptosis calcification-dystrophic & metastasis,
  - e)- Extra-cellular accumulation-amylidosis, calcification-Pathogenesismorphology
- 2) Inflammation & Repair;
  - a)- Acute inflammation features, causes, vascular & cellular events,
  - b)- Morphologic variations,
  - c)- Inflammatory cells & mediators,
  - d)- Chronic inflammation:- causes, types, non-specific & granulomatous with examples
  - e)- wound healing by primary & secondary union factors promoting & delaying healing process.
  - f)- Healing at various sites including-bones, nerve & muscle
  - g)- Regeneration & repair

- 3)- Immuno pathology (basic concepts)
  - a)- Immune system:- organization-ceNs- antibiotics- regulation of immune responses,
  - b)- Hyper-sensitivity,
  - c)- Secondary immuno-deficiency including HIV,
  - d)- Organ transplantation
- 4)- Circulatory disturbances
  - a)- Edema pathogenesis types translates I exudates,
  - b)- Chronic venous congestion- lung, lever, spleen,
  - c)- Thrombosis formation fate effects,
  - d)- Embolism types- clinical effects,
  - e)- Infarction types common sites
  - f)- Gang renes types actiopathogenesis
  - g)- Shock Pathogenesis, types, morphologic changes
- 5)- Deficiency disorders Vitamins A,B,C,D,
- 6)- Growth Disturbance
  - a)- Atrophy-malformation, agenesis, dysplasia,
  - b)- Neoplasia classification, histogenesis, biologic behaviors, difference between benign & malignant tumour
  - c)- Malignant neoplasms- grades-stages-local & distal spread,
  - d)- Carcinogenesis environmental carcinogens
  - e)- Chemical, Occupational, heredity, vira,
  - f)- precancerous lesions & ca in situ
  - g)-Tumor & host interactions systemic effects-metastatic or direct spread of tumors affecting bones, spinal cord, leading to paraplegia, etc.
- 7)- Medical Genetics (In Brief)
- 8)- Specfic Patholgy:-
- A]- CVS
  - a)- Atherosclerosis Ischimic heart diseases myocardial infarction Pathogenesis *I* Pathology b)- Hypertension c)- C.C.F. d)- Rh H.D. e)- Peripheral vascular diseases
- B)-Respiratory
  - a)- COPD,

- b)- Pneumonia (lobar, broncho, vira),
- c)- T. B. Primary, secondary morphologic types,
- d)- pleuritis, complications,
- e)- Lung collapse atelectasis
- C)- NeuroPathology
  - a)- Reaction of nervous tissue to injury infection & ischaemia

- b)- Pyogenic meningitis, TBM, Viral,
- c)- Cerebro vascular diseases atherosclerosis Thrombosis, embolism, aneurysm, hypoxia, infarction & hemorrhage
- d)- effects of Hypotension on CNS e)- Coma
- f)- Polio myelitis- Leprosy- Demyelinating diseases Parkinsonism Cerebral palsy- metachromatic leucodystrophy Dementia Hemiplegia / paraplegia Pathogenesis & pathology of Wilson's disease
- g)- SOL- (in brief)
- h)- Peripheral nerve injury
- 9)- Muscle diseases Muscular dystrophy-hypertrophy-Psudo-hypertrophy-altrophyPolio-myelitis Myositis ossoficance, neorosis, regenertion-Myotonia
- 10)-Neuro muscular junction Myasthenia gravis Myasthenic syndrome.
- 11)- Bone & Joints a)fracture healing Osteomyelitis rickets Osteomalacia Bone tumors Osteoporosis
  - a)- Spondylosis, P.l.D.- Scoliosis Haemarthrosis 'Gout T.B. -
  - b)- Arthritis degenerative inflammatory RA-Ankylosing spondylitis Tenosynovitis
- 12)- Urinary commonly encountered in paralytic bladder, common urinary tract infections (brief)- urinary calculi-
- 13)- G.l. system- (lhr)- Gastric! duodenal ulcer, enteric fever, TB, enteritis, Gastritis (related to consumption of NSAID
- 14)- Endocrine Hyperthyroidism Diabetes
- 15)- Hepatic diseases (lhr)- Cirrhosis emphasis to systemic effects of portal hypertension
- 16)- Skin-Melanin pigment disorders Vitiligo Tenia versicolor-PsoriasisBacterial/fungal infections — cutaneous TB, Soleroderma, SLE, Leprosy Alopacia
- 17)- Clinical pathology (including Demonstrations)
  - a)- Anemia (deficiency) T.C./D.C.! Eosinophilia, E.S.R., C.P.K,
  - b)- Muscle / skin *I* nerve biopsy c)- Microscopic appearance of muscle necrosis
- fatty infiltration d)- Lab investigation in liver & renal failure

#### TEXT BOOKS —

- 1)- Text book of Pathology by Harsh Mohan
- 2)- Pathologic basis of desease by Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
- 3)- General Pathology— by Bhende

# **MICROBIOLOGY**

[Didactic — 50 hrs] [Marks - 50]

**Objectives** — At the end of the course, the candidate will have sound knowledge of the agent responsible for causing human infections, pertaining to C.N.S., CVS musculoskeletal, & Respiratory system.

Syllabus —
1] General Microbiology i) Introduction & scope
2] Classification of Micro-organisms & morphology of Bacteria
3] Sterilization & disinfection [basic concepts]
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hospital acquired infection, universal safety precautions,
Biomedical waste disposal
4] Immunology
i) Antigen antibody — reaction & application for diagnosis;
ii) Immune response — normal / abnormal
iii) Innate immunity & acquired immunity [vaccination]
iv) Hyper — sensitivity & auto-immunity
5] Bacteriology
i) Infection caused by gram +ve cocci; Gas gangrene — clostridium —
Diphtheria
ii) Infection caused by gram —ye cocci, Septicemia-cholera — Shock —
Typhoid- diarrhoea;
iv) syphilis — morphology & pathogenesis [VDRL]
6] Viruses
i) Introduction & general properties,
ii)HIV
iii) Hepatitis
iv) Polio, measles, congenital viral infections, Rubella, CMV Herpes
7] Mycology
Mycetoma — Aspergilosis — candidiasis
8] Parasites affecting C.N.S
Malaria — Filaria — Toxoplasma Cystisarcosis & echinococcus
9]Applied Microbiology
as relevant to diseases involving Bones, Joints — Nerves — Muscules-Skin-
brain cardiopulmonary system, & burns.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

Text books of Microbiology — by R. Ananthnarayan & C.K. Jayram Panikar