SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW

COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ART & LAW

B.A. LL.B. (INTEGRATED) 5 years

(Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme) <u>Semester -IV</u>

					Exam	Component of Marks		
Course	Subject	Subject	T/P	Credit	Duration	Internal	External	Total
Туре	Code	Subject	1/1	Credit	in hrs.	Total Passing %	Total Passing %	Total Passing
Compulsory	UL04CBA021	Constitutional	T	4	3	12/30	28/70	40/100
Courses		Law-II						
		(Constitutional						
		Institutions &						
		Dimensions)						
	UL04CBA022	Environmental	T	4	3	12/30	28/70	40/100
		Law						
	UL04CBA023	English-IV (Major)	T	4	3	12/30	28/70	40/100
	UL04CBA024	English – V (Major)	T	4	3	12/30	28/70	40/100
Elective	UL04EBA021	Banking Laws	T	4	3	12/30	28/70	40/100
Courses		including						
		Negotiable						
		Instruments Act.						
	UL04EBA022	Practical Subject:	P	4	3	12/30	28/70	40/100
		Internship at NGO						
				24				240/600

Programme: B.A.,LL.B (5 Year) Integrated Degree of Bachelor of Arts & Law Semester: IV

Syllabus with effect from June-2020

Objectives of the course:

Our Constitution is not just a mere set of fundamental laws that form the basis of governance of our country but it embodies and reflects certain basic values, philosophy and objectives that were held very dear to our founding fathers. By studying this course the students will understand different provision which focus on the Federalism, emergency and Judiciary under the constitution.

Paper Code: UL04CBA021	Total
Title Of Paper: Constitutional Law-II -Constitutional Institutions &	Credit: 4
Dimensions	

Unit	Description in Detail	Weight age
		(%)
1	Federalism	25%
	Federalism - principles: comparative study	
	Indian Federalism: identification of federal features	
	Legislative relations	
	Administrative relations	
	Financial relations.	
	Governor's role	
	Centre's powers over the states - emergency	
2	Constitutional Processes of Adaptation and Alteration	25%
	Methods of constitutional amendment	
	Limitations upon constituent power	
3I	Emergency	25%
	Emergency. meaning and scope	
	Proclamation of emergency - conditions -effect of emergency on	
	Centre- State relations.	
	Emergency and suspension of fundamental rights	
	Judiciary under the Constitution	25%
4	Judicial process, Court system, The Supreme Court, High Courts	
	Subordinate judiciary	
	Judges: appointment, removal, transfer and condition of service:	
	judicial Independence	

Reference Books:-

- Introduction to the Constitution of India -Durgadas Basu
- Shorter Constitution of India Durgadas Basu
- Constitution of India -V. N. Shukla
- Indian Constitution -Tope
- Constitutional Law of India -Seervai
- Constitution of India Pandey

Programme: B.A.,LL.B (5 Year) Integrated Degree of Bachelor of Arts & Law Semester: IV

Syllabus with effect from June-2020

Objectives of the course:

The aims of **Environmental Educational** are to develop concern and **awareness** among people about the total **environment** and its associated problems and commitment to work individually and collectively towards solution of current problems and the prevention. The main objectives of study of environment law is preservation and protection of human health, integrity, biodiversity and the quality of ecosystems, genetic resources, animal and plant species, fertility of soil, natural sites and spatial resources as well as cultural heritage and antropogenic resources; providing conditions for a limited, rational and sustainable.

Paper Co	Paper Code: UL04CBA022			
Title Of Paper: Environmental Law				
Unit	Unit Description in Detail			
		age (%)		
I	Concept of environment and Pollution	25%		
	Environment: meaning and contents, Pollution: meaning & kinds of			
	pollution,,Effects of pollution			
	Constitutional & Other Perspectives			
	Constitution making - development and property oriented approach.			
	Role of the Judiciary in Environmental Protection.			
	Remedies with respect to environment pollution			
	Civil Remedy, Criminal Remedy			
	Writ Jurisdiction to compel the agency to enforce the law.			
II	-Environment Protection Act.	25%		
	-Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution)			
	Act.			
III	-Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act.	25%		
	-The Wild Life (Protection) Act.			
IV	-The Forest (Conversation) Act.	25%		
	-The National Environment Tribunal Act.			

Reference Books:-

- The Environmental (Protection) Act,1986
- The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
- The Life (Protection) Act, 1972
- The National Environmental Tribunal Act. 1995.

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

- Environmental Law Chaturvedi & Chaturvedi
- Environmental Pollution & Protection By Garg, Bansal
- Lal's Environmental Law
- Environmental Pollution and Law Krishna Aiyar
- Environmental Pollution Law & Policy By Thakur
- Environmental Law & the Policy in India Armin Rosencranz
- Environmental Law Simon Ball & Stnort Bell

Programme: B.A.,LL.B (5 Year) Integrated Degree of Bachelor of Arts & Law Semester: IV

Syllabus with effect from June-2020

Objectives of the course:

Legal language is a technical language specifically originated as a language for legal professionals such as judges, legal assistants, lawyers and attorneys. Legal language is not a native language for this type of professionals. English language has begun around 450 A.D. and the Legal Language has come into existence with the influence of old English, Latin and French. However, English of law that is Legal English can set language standards that support well with the law of that particular state. The basic objective in designing this syllabus is to enable the students to use their Comprehensive skill and speaking skill fluently.

Paper Code: UL04CBA023	Total Credit-4
Title of Paper: ENGLISH-IV (MAJOR)	

Short Stories 1.1 The Doll's House - by Katherine Mansefield 1.2 Three Dancing Goats - Anonymous	25%
1.1 The Doll's House - by Katherine Mansefield	25%
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1.2 Three Dancing Goats Anonymous	
1.2 Three Dancing Goats - Anonymous	
1.3 Grief- by Anton Chekhov	
1.4 How Much Land Does A Man Need? - Leo Tolstoy	
Grammar	25%
2.1 Gerund	
2.2 Determiners	
2.3 Conditionals	
2.4 Modal auxiliaries	
Composition	25%
3.1 Essay Writing	
3.2 Dialogue writing	
3.4 Drafting Notice & Agenda	
Comprehension	25%
4.1 Paraphrasing	
4.2 Note-taking and Note-making	
	1.4 How Much Land Does A Man Need? - Leo Tolstoy Grammar 2.1 Gerund 2.2 Determiners 2.3 Conditionals 2.4 Modal auxiliaries Composition 3.1 Essay Writing 3.2 Dialogue writing 3.4 Drafting Notice & Agenda Comprehension 4.1 Paraphrasing

Recommended Books:

- 1. Essays, Short stories and One-Act plays Oxford
- 2. English Language Course for College Book I, L.A. Hilletal
- 3. Remedial English, F.T. Wood, Mc Milan
- 4. Practical English Grammar, A. Thomas and A.V. Martinet

Programme: B.A.,LL.B (5 Year) Integrated Degree of Bachelor of Arts & Law Semester: IV

Syllabus with effect from June-2020

Objectives of the course:

It is rightly said by Oliver Wendell Holmes "Language is the blood of the soul into which thoughts run and out of which they grow."

English is a native language of British culture. Language is the human ability to acquire and use complex systems of communication through which people convey their ideas, thoughts, emotions, feelings etc. The language of the law is of genuine importance, particularly for the people concerned with addressing language issues and problems in the real world. The basic objective in designing this syllabus is to enable the students to use their Comprehensive skill and speaking skill fluently.

Paper Code: UL04CBA024	Total Credit-4
Title of Paper: ENGLISH-V (MAJOR)	

Module No.	Modules /Sub Modules	Credits
1.	Novel: The Mill on the Floss by George Eliot	25%
2.	Literary Usage 2.1 Idioms and Phrases 2.2 Figures of Speech 2.3 Proverbs	25%
3.	Composition 3.1 Short story Writing 3.2 Phonetics and Speech training	25%
4.	Comprehension 4.1 Critical Appreciation of Poetry 4.2 Literary terms	25%

Recommended Books:

- 1. 'Mill on the Floss' George Eliot
- 2. Intermediate English Grammar, Raymond Murphy
- 3. Essential English Grammar and Composition, James Thomas Peechaat
- 4. Master your English Grammar, Jaykaran.

Programme: B.A.,LL.B (5 Year) Integrated Degree of Bachelor of Arts & Law **Semester: IV**

Syllabus with effect from June-2020

Objectives of the course:

Banking system is in the core of any country's financial growth. The new generation of Advocates and law students need to be well aware and informed about how the banking system is run. This subject provide the in depth knowledge of Banking system and procedures prevalent in India. Objectives of this subject is to prepare law students to become future Banking professionals.

	Paper Code: UL04EBA021 Fitle Of Paper: Banking Laws Including Negotiable Instruments Act.			
Unit	Description in Detail	Weight age (%)		
I	Nature and Development of Banking including Co-operative Banking	25%		
	Constitutional Perspective Schedule VII List-I Entry: 36, 37,38,43,44,45,46 Schedule VII List-II Entry: 30 of Constitution of India.			
II	Law Relating to Banking Companies in India	25%		
11	Banking Regulation, Act.1949 Lending by Banks, Securities for bank advances, Pledge, Bailment Guarantees as security, Contract of guarantee and contract of indemnity, Kinds of guarantees: specific & continuing Surety's rights and liabilities., Repayment Reserve Bank of India, Act, 1934 Section 45 only – as amended in 1997 Chapter-III-A: Collection and Funding of Credit Information Chapter-III-B: Provisions relating to Non-Banking Institutions	23 /0		
	receiving deposits			
III	Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891 Debt Recovery Tribunal Act, 1993 Recovery of Debts, Procedure, Powers & Functions (Only Sections: 2(d) Bank, 2(g) Debt and Chapter III, IV & V) The Banking Ombudsman, Settlement of Dispute/Complaints relating to Banking Services	25%		
IV	The Negotiable Instruments Act: -Meaning and Definition of Negotiable Instruments -Characteristics of Negotiable Instruments, Kinds of Negotiable Instruments -Presumptions as to Negotiable Instrument (Sec. 118 & 119) -Promissory Note, Bills of Exchange & Cheque: Its meaning, characteristics and points of difference between them -Parties to a Negotiable Instrument -Holder and Holder in due course - Dishonor of a Negotiable Instrument, Notice of dishonor	25%		

Statutory Material

- Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
- Banking Regulation Act, 1949
- Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
- Bankers' Books Evidence Act, 1891

Basic Text & Reference Books:-

- Banking Law and Practice Universal, New Delhi, 1999 T.K. Mukherjee
- Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India Law house, New Delhi, 2000 M.L. Tannen
- Banking Law and Practice Sultan Chand & Sons P.N. Varshney
- The Banking Law in Theory and Practice Universal, New Delhi, 1999 S.N. Gupta
- Banks & The Consumer Protection Law Universal, New Delhi S.N. Gupta
- Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 Avtar Singh
- The Negotiable Instruments Act Bharath Law House, New Delhi, 1997 Bhashyam and Adiga
- Kherganvala on The Negotiable Instruments Act Buterworth, New Delhi, 1998 –
 M.S. Parthsarathy
- Sethi's Commentaries on Banking Regulation Act And allied Banking Laws Law